

250 -150 -100 -75 -50 -37 -

25 -

15-

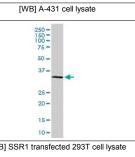


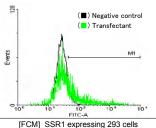
## **KB498**

For research use only

## Anti Human SSR1 Polyclonal Antibody

Code No.	KB498							
Terget	SSR1							
Category	Signal transdue	ction						
Gene ID	6745							
Primary Source	HGNC:11323							
Synonyms	TRAPA; FLJ <sup>.</sup> FLJ93042; DKI	,				4;	FLJ78242;	
Туре	Polyclonal Anti	body						[\
Immunogen	Recombinant protein of full length Human SSR1							
Raised in	Mouse							
Myeloma	-							
Clone number	-							
Purification	Protein A purifi	ed						
Source	Mouse Serum							[WB] SSR
lsotype	-							128
Cross Reactivity	-							-
Label	Unlabeled							Events
Concentration	0.5 mg/mL							â
Contents (Volume)	50 µg							
Buffer	PBS, pH 7.2							0 10°
								[FCM]
Storage	Store at - 20° repeated freeze	•		ore a	t4°C sho	ort t	erm. Avoid	
Application	WB,FCM							
	ELISA	WB	3		IHC		ICC	





ELISA	WB	IHC	ICC
-	1.0	-	-
IP	FCM	IF	Neutralization
-	1.0	-	-
			(µg/mL)

## Reference

1. Hartmann E., et al. "The N-terminal region of the alpha-subunit of the TRAP complex has a conserved cluster of negative charges." FEBS Lett. 349:324-326(1994)

2. Hirama T., et al. "Translocon-associated protein alpha transcripts are induced by granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor and exhibit complex alternative polyadenylation." FEBS Lett. 455:223-227(1999)

3. Ota T., et al. "Complete sequencing and characterization of 21,243 full-length human cDNAs." Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004)

## **UniPlot Summary**

//Function: TRAP proteins are part of a complex whose function is to bind calcium to the ER membrane and thereby regulate the retention of ER resident proteins. May be involved in the recycling of the translocation apparatus after completion of the translocation process or may function as a membrane-bound chaperone facilitating folding of translocated proteins. //Subcellular location: Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein.

//Sequence similarities: Belongs to the TRAP-alpha family.

