



# anti-Activated Caspase 3 (p20/p17 subunit) antibody, rabbit serum (ACP3)

## 74-102 100 ul

Caspases are a family of cysteine proteases which play essential roles in apoptosis. Among them, **Caspase 3** is a frequently activated death protease, catalyzing the specific cleavage of many key cellular proteins. **Caspase 3** is synthesized as an inactive 32 kDa pro-enzyme which undergo proteolytic processing in response to apoptotic stimulation to produce the active form which consists of the p20/p17, and p12 subunits. **Caspase 3** is the predominant caspase involved in the cleavage of Alzheimer amyloid precursor protein (APP), which is associated with neuronal death in Alzheimer 's disease. An antibody (named ACP3) against **activated caspase 3** was raised in rabbit. This antibody recognizes the active form of human **caspase 3**, p20/p17 subunit but does not recognize the proenzyme p32.

#### Applications:

Western blotting (dilution: 1/3,000-1/1,000)
Immunocytochemistry (dilution: 1/1,000-1/500)
ELISA

These applications were confirmed in the laboratory of Prof. K, Yoshikawa of Osaka University (ref.3).

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide corresponding to the caspase 3 cleavage site, 6 aa (CGIETD).

Specificity: Specific to the end of the activated caspase 3 of human, mouse and rat. The antibody does

### not react with the proenzyme p32.

Form: Antiserum added with 0.05% sodium azide.

Storage: Shipped at 4 and stored at -20 .

Data Link: Swiss-Prot P42574

#### References: This antibody was used in ref.3 and 4.

 Thornberry NA and Lazebnik Y (1998) "Caspases: enemies within." Science 281: 1312-1316 PMID: 9721091

- Uetsuki T *et al* (1999)."Activation of neuronal caspase-3 by intracelular accumulation of wild-type Alzheimer precursor protein." J Neurosci 19: 6955-6964 PMID: <u>10436052</u>
- Nishimura I *et al.* (2002) "Cell death induced by a caspase-cleaved transmembrane fragment of the Alzheimer amyloid precursor protein." *Cell Death Differ*. 9: 199-208 PMID: <u>11840170</u>
- Nishimura I *et al.* (2003) "Upregulation and antiapoptotic role of endogenous Alzheimer amyloid precursor protein in dorsal root ganglion neurons." *Exp. Cell Res.* 286: 241-251 PMID: <u>12749853</u>

Related products: #74-104 anti-APP (C-terminal) antibody, #74-106 anti-APP (N-terminal) antibody, #74-108 anti-APP (C-terminal of the caspase 3- cleaved APP) antibody, #74-110 anti-APP 31 (specific to C-terminal APP 31) antibody

To be continued.

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3-6-7 Kasumigaseki, Chiyoda-ku Tokyo 100-0013 JAPAN Tel: +81-3-5510-2347 Fax: +81-3-5510-0134 E-mail: exp-pet@sceti.co.jp URL: www.sceti.co.jp/export/ 7-7-18 Saito-Asagi, Ibaraki, Osaka 567-0085, JAPAN

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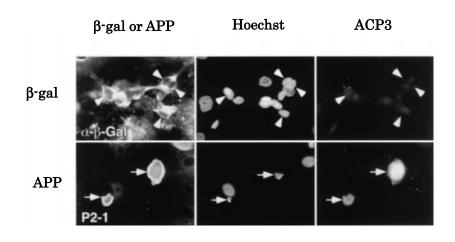


Fig.1 Immunocytochemistry for APP, chromosomal DNA, and activated caspase 3 subunits : Caspase 3 activation in neurons accumulating wild-type APP (ref.3). NT2 neurons (neurally differentiated human NT2 embryonic carcinoma cells) were infected with adenovirus vector expressing  $\beta$ -galactosidase (upper panel) or APP (lower panel), fixed 48 h later, and triply stained for the N-terminus of APP (with antibody P2-1) or  $\beta$ -gal (with antibody against  $\beta$ -gal), chromosomal DNA (Hoechst), and activated caspase 3 subunits (with antibody ACP3). Some neurons accumulating APP are strongly immunostained with ACP3 (arrows), whereas neurons accumulating  $\beta$ -gal are hardly labeled (arrowheads).



3-6-7 Kasumigaseki, Chiyoda-ku Tokyo 100-0013 JAPAN Tel: +81-3-5510-2347 Fax: +81-3-5510-0134 E-mail: exp-pet@sceti.co.jp URL: www.sceti.co.jp/export/ 7-7-18 Saito-Asagi, Ibaraki, Osaka 567-0085, JAPAN