



MILLIPLEX™ MAP

**MOUSE SOLUBLE CYTOKINE RECEPTOR PANEL KIT
96 Well Plate Assay**

**# MSCR-42K or
MSCR-42K-PMX (premixed)**

<u>TABLE OF CONTENTS</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
Introduction	2
Principle	3
Storage Conditions Upon Receipt	3
Reagents Supplied	4
Materials Required But Not Provided	5
Safety Precautions	6
Technical Guidelines	6
Sample Collection And Storage	8
Preparation of Reagents for Immunoassay	9
Immunoassay Procedure	12
Equipment Settings	14
Quality Controls	15
Assay Characteristics	15
Troubleshooting Guide	18
Replacement Reagents	20
Ordering Information	21
Well Map	22

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.

By purchasing this product, which contains fluorescently labeled microsphere beads authorized by Luminex Corporation ("Luminex"), you, the customer, acquire the right under Luminex's patent rights, if any, to use this product or any portion of this product, including without limitation the microsphere beads contained herein, only with Luminex's laser based fluorescent analytical test instrumentation marketed under the name of Luminex 100™ IS, 200™, HTS.

INTRODUCTION

Cytokine receptors constitute an integral part of the cytokine biology. Like cytokines, cytokine receptors are involved in normal physiological and pathological processes of almost all disease states. Soluble cytokine receptors naturally arise from genes encoding membrane-bound receptors or are direct derivatives of the receptors themselves. The discovery that soluble cytokine receptors are involved in regulating excessive inflammatory responses and modulating immune events has stimulated significant research interest in their potential role as immunotherapeutic agents. Many of these soluble cytokine receptors have the ability to inhibit the binding and biological activity of their cytokine ligands, making them very specific cytokine antagonists.

Millipore is proud to announce the first multiplexed immunoassay panel for quantifying mouse soluble cytokine receptors in biological samples using the Luminex® xMAP® technology. Designed for the simultaneous analysis of multiple biomarkers, the Mouse Soluble Cytokine Receptor Panel provides important tools for the study of inflammatory and immune responses—evidence of Millipore's commitment to innovation and providing you with the best tools to do your best work.

This kit is for research purposes only.

Please read entire protocol before use.

It is important to use same assay incubation conditions throughout your study.

PRINCIPLE

MILLIPLEXTM MAP is based on the Luminex® xMAP® technology — one of the fastest growing and most respected multiplex technologies offering applications throughout the life sciences and capable of performing a variety of bioassays including immunoassays on the surface of fluorescent-coded beads known as microspheres.

- Luminex uses proprietary techniques to internally color-code microspheres with two fluorescent dyes. Through precise concentrations of these dyes, 100 distinctly colored bead sets can be created, each of which is coated with a specific capture antibody.
- After an analyte from a test sample is captured by the bead, a biotinylated detection antibody is introduced.
- The reaction mixture is then incubated with Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin (SA-PE) conjugate, the reporter molecule, to complete the reaction on the surface of each microsphere.
- The microspheres are allowed to pass rapidly through a laser that excites the internal dyes marking the microsphere set. A second laser excites PE, the fluorescent dye on the reporter molecule.
- Finally, high-speed digital-signal processors identify each individual microsphere and quantify the result of its bioassay based on fluorescent reporter signals.

The capability of adding multiple conjugated beads to each sample results in the ability to obtain multiple results from each sample. Open-architecture xMAP® technology enables multiplexing of many types of bioassays reducing time, labor and costs over traditional methods.

STORAGE CONDITIONS UPON RECEIPT

- Recommended storage for kit components is 2 - 8 °C.
- Once the standards and controls have been reconstituted, immediately transfer contents into polypropylene vials. **DO NOT STORE RECONSTITUTED STANDARDS OR CONTROLS IN GLASS VIALS.** For long-term storage, freeze reconstituted standards and controls at ≤ -20 °C. Avoid multiple (>2) freeze/thaw cycles.
- **DO NOT FREEZE Antibody-Immobilized Beads, Detection Antibodies, and Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin.**

REAGENTS SUPPLIED

Note: Store all reagents at 2 – 8 °C

REAGENTS SUPPLIED	CATALOG NUMBER	VOLUME	QUANTITY
Mouse Soluble Cytokine Receptor Standard	MSCR8042	lyophilized	1 vial
Mouse Soluble Cytokine Receptor Quality Controls 1 and 2	MSCR6042	lyophilized	2 vials
Mouse Soluble Cytokine Receptor Detection Antibodies	MSCR1042	3.2 mL	1 bottle
Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin	L-SAPE3	3.2 mL	1 bottle
Serum Matrix Note: Contains 0.08% Sodium Azide	LMC-SD	lyophilized	1 vial
Assay Buffer Note: Contains 0.08% Sodium Azide	L-AB	30 mL	1 bottle
10X Wash Buffer Note: Contains 0.05% Proclin	L-WB	30 mL	1 bottle
Set of one 96-Well Microtiter Filter Plate with 2 Sealers	MX-PLATE	-----	1 plate 2 sealers
Mixing Bottle (not provided with premixed panel)	-----	-----	1 bottle

Mouse Soluble Cytokine Receptor Antibody-Immobilized Premixed Beads:

Premixed 13-plex Beads	MSCR-PMX13	3.5 mL	1 bottle
------------------------	------------	--------	----------

Included Mouse Soluble Cytokine Receptor Antibody-Immobilized Beads are dependent on customizable selection of analytes within the panel (see following table on page 5).

Mouse Soluble Cytokine Receptor Antibody-Immobilized Beads:

Bead/Analyte Name	Luminex Bead Region	Customizable 13 Analytes (20X concentration, 200µL)		13-Plex Premixed Beads
		Available	Cat. #	
Anti – sCD30 Bead	65	✓	MCD30	✓
Anti – sgp130	67	✓	MGP130	✓
Anti – sIL-1RI	71	✓	MIL1R1	✓
Anti – sIL-1RII	73	✓	MIL1R2	✓
Anti – sIL-2Rα	76	✓	MIL2RA	✓
Anti – sIL-4R	79	✓	MIL4R	✓
Anti – sIL-6R	83	✓	MIL6R	✓
Anti – sRAGE	85	✓	MRAGE	✓
Anti – sTNFRI	87	✓	MTNFR1	✓
Anti – sTNFRII	89	✓	MTNFR2	✓
Anti – sVEGFR1	91	✓	MVEGFR1	✓
Anti – sVEGFR2	93	✓	MVEGFR2	✓
Anti – sVEGFR3	95	✓	MVEGFR3	✓

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

Reagents

1. Luminex Sheath Fluid (Luminex Catalogue #40-50000)

Instrumentation / Materials

1. Adjustable Pipettes with Tips capable of delivering 25 µL to 1000 µL
2. Multichannel Pipettes capable of delivering 5 µL to 50 µL or 25 µL to 200 µL
3. Reagent Reservoirs
4. Polypropylene Microfuge Tubes
5. Rubber Bands
6. Absorbent Pads
7. Laboratory Vortex Mixer
8. Sonicator (Branson Ultrasonic Cleaner Model #B200 or equivalent)
9. Titer Plate Shaker (Lab-Line Instruments Model #4625 or equivalent)
10. Vacuum Filtration Unit (Millipore Vacuum Manifold Catalog #MSVMHTS00 or equivalent with Millipore Vacuum Pump Catalog #WP6111560 or equivalent)
11. Luminex 100™ IS, 200™, HTS by Luminex Corporation
12. Plate Holder (Millipore Catalog # MX-STAND)

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- All blood components and biological materials should be handled as potentially hazardous. Follow universal precautions as established by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration when handling and disposing of infectious agents.
- Sodium Azide or Proclin has been added to some reagents as a preservative. Although the concentrations are low, Sodium Azide and Proclin may react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. On disposal, flush with a large volume of water to prevent azide buildup.

TECHNICAL GUIDELINES

To obtain reliable and reproducible results, the operator should carefully read this entire manual and fully understand all aspects of each assay step before running the assay. The following notes should be reviewed and understood before the assay is set up.

- FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.
- Do not use beyond the expiration date on the label.
- Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or sources.
- The Antibody-Immobilized Beads are light sensitive and must be protected from light at all times. Cover the assay plate containing beads with opaque plate lid or aluminum foil during all incubation steps.
- It is important to allow all reagents to warm to room temperature (20-25°C) before use in the assay.
- The bottom of the Microtiter Filter Plate should not be in direct contact with any surface during assay setup or incubation times. The plate can be set on a plate holder or on the non-flat side of the plate cover or any other plate holder to raise the plate from the surface. A plate holder can be purchased separately from Millipore (Millipore Catalog #MX-STAND).
- Incomplete washing can adversely affect the assay outcome. All washing must be performed with the Wash Buffer provided.
- After the wash steps, keep the bottom of the Microtiter Filter Plate clean by blotting on paper towels or absorbent pads to prevent any leakage due to capillary action.
- Keep the vacuum suction on the plate as low as possible. It is recommended to have a vacuum setting that will remove 200 μ L of buffer in ≥ 5 seconds (equivalent to < 100 mmHg).
- After hydration, all Standards and Controls must be transferred to polypropylene tubes.
- The Standards prepared by serial dilution must be used within 1 hour of preparation. Discard any unused standards except the standard stock, which may be stored at $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 1 month and at $\leq -80^{\circ}\text{C}$ for greater than one month.
- If samples fall outside the dynamic range of the assay, further dilute the samples with the appropriate diluent and repeat the assay.

- Any unused mixed Antibody-Immobilized Beads may be stored in the Mixing Bottle at 2-8°C for up to one month.
- During the preparation of the standard curve, make certain to mix the higher concentration well before making the next dilution. Use a new tip with each dilution.
- The plate should be read immediately after the assay is finished. If, however, the plate cannot be read immediately, seal the plate, cover with opaque lid and store the plate at 2-8°C for up to 24 hours. Prior to reading, agitate the plate on the plate shaker at room temperature for 10 minutes. Delay in reading a plate may result in decreased sensitivity for some analytes.
- The titer plate shaker should be set at a speed to provide maximum orbital mixing without splashing of liquid outside the wells. For the recommended plate shaker, this would be a setting of 5-7, which is approximately 500-800 rpm.
- Ensure that the needle probe is clean. This may be achieved by sonication and/or alcohol flushes. Adjust probe height according to the protocols recommended by Luminex to the kit filter plate using 3 alignment discs prior to reading an assay.
- For cell culture supernatants or tissue extraction, use the culture or extraction medium as the matrix solution in background, standard curve and control wells. If samples are diluted in Assay Buffer, use the Assay Buffer as matrix.
- For serum/plasma samples, use the Serum Matrix provided in the kit.
- For cell/tissue homogenate, the final cell or tissue homogenate should be prepared in a buffer that has a neutral pH, contains minimal detergents or strong denaturing detergents, and has an ionic strength close to physiological concentration. Avoid debris, lipids, and cell/tissue aggregates. Centrifuge samples before use.
- Vortex all reagents well before adding to plate.

SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE

A. Preparation of Serum Samples:

- Allow the blood to clot for at least 30 minutes before centrifugation for 10 minutes at 1000xg. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- Avoid multiple (>2) freeze/thaw cycles.
- When using frozen samples, it is recommended to thaw the samples completely, mix well by vortexing and centrifuge prior to use in the assay to remove particulates.
- Customers need to determine the optimal dilution factor for their samples. Generally, serum samples from normal subjects should be diluted 1:5 using the Assay Buffer provided in the kit as the sample diluent (20 μL sample mixed with 80 μL Assay Buffer). If samples require dilution beyond 1:5, please prepare the provided serum matrix as described and use this diluted serum matrix instead of assay buffer as the sample diluent.

B. Preparation of Plasma Samples:

- Plasma collection using EDTA as an anticoagulant is recommended. Centrifuge for 10 minutes at 1000xg within 30 minutes of blood collection. Remove plasma from the tube and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- Avoid multiple (>2) freeze/thaw cycles.
- When using frozen samples, it is recommended to thaw the samples completely, mix well by vortexing and centrifuge prior to use in the assay to remove particulates.
- Customers need to determine the optimal dilution factor for their samples. Generally, plasma samples from normal subjects should be diluted 1:5 using the Assay Buffer provided in the kit as the sample diluent (20 μL sample mixed with 80 μL Assay Buffer). If samples require dilution beyond 1:5, please prepare the provided serum matrix as described and use this diluted serum matrix instead of assay buffer as the sample diluent.

C. Preparation of Tissue Culture Supernatant:

- Centrifuge the sample to remove debris and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- Avoid multiple (>2) freeze/thaw cycles.
- Tissue culture supernatant samples may require a dilution with an appropriate control medium prior to assay. Users need to provide the control medium as the sample diluent.

NOTE:

- A maximum of 25 μL per well of tissue extract, cell/tissue culture supernatant sample, or 1:5 diluted serum or plasma sample can be used.
- All samples must be stored in polypropylene tubes. **DO NOT STORE SAMPLES IN GLASS.**
- Avoid debris, lipids and cells when using samples with gross hemolysis or lipemia.

- Care must be taken when using heparin as an anticoagulant since an excess of heparin will provide falsely high values. Use no more than 10 IU heparin per mL of blood collected.

PREPARATION OF REAGENTS FOR IMMUNOASSAY

A. Preparation of Antibody-Immobilized Beads

If premixed beads are used, sonicate the premixed bead bottle 30 seconds then vortex for 1 minute before use.

For individual vials of beads, sonicate each antibody-bead vial for 30 seconds then vortex for 1 minute. Add 150 μ L from each antibody-bead vial to the Mixing Bottle and bring final volume to 3.0 mL with Assay Buffer. Vortex the mixed beads well. Unused portion may be stored at 2-8°C for up to one month.

Example 1: When using 3 antibody-immobilized beads, add 150 μ L from each of the 3 bead sets to the Mixing Bottle. Then add 2.55 mL Assay Buffer.

Example 2: When using 13 antibody-immobilized beads, add 150 μ L from each of the 13 bead sets to the Mixing Bottle. Then add 1.05 mL Assay Buffer.

B. Preparation of Quality Controls

Before use, reconstitute Quality Control 1 and Quality Control 2 with 250 μ L deionized water. Invert the vial several times to mix then vortex briefly. Allow the vial to sit for 5-10 minutes and then transfer the controls to appropriately labeled polypropylene microfuge tubes. Unused portions may be stored at $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ for up to one month.

C. Preparation of Wash Buffer

Bring the 10X Wash Buffer to room temperature and mix to bring all salts into solution. Dilute 30 mL of 10X Wash Buffer with 270 mL deionized water. Store unused portion at 2-8°C for up to one month.

D. Preparation of Serum Matrix

This step is required for serum or plasma samples only.

Add 1.0 mL deionized water to the bottle containing lyophilized Serum Matrix. Then add 4.0 mL Assay Buffer. Mix well. Allow at least 10 minutes for complete reconstitution.

E. Preparation of Mouse Soluble Cytokine Receptor Standard

1.) Reconstitute the Mouse Soluble Cytokine Receptor Panel Standard with 250 μ L deionized water. Invert the vial several times to mix. Vortex the vial for 10 seconds. Allow the vial to sit for 5-10 minutes and then transfer the standard to a polypropylene microfuge tube labeled "Standard 7." The unused portion may be stored at $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ for up to one month.

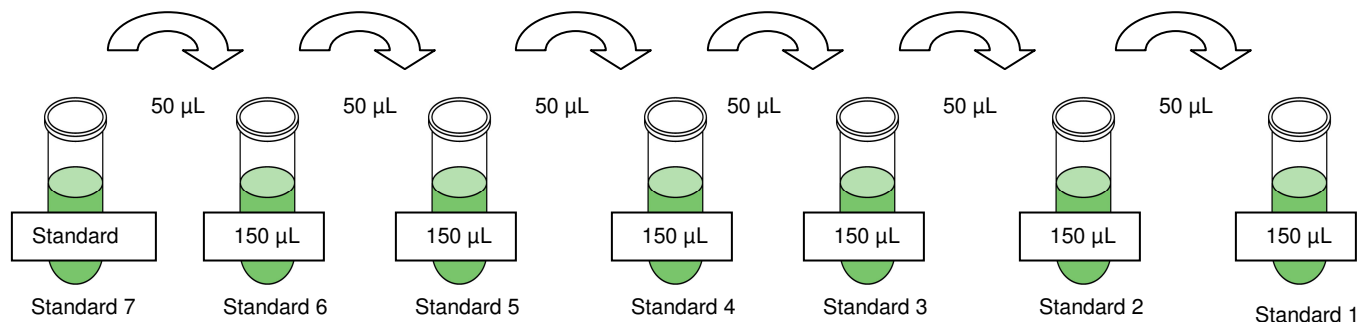
2.) Preparation of Working Standards

Label six polypropylene microfuge tubes Standard 6, Standard 5, Standard 4, Standard 3, Standard 2 and Standard 1. Add 150 μ L of Assay Buffer to each of the six tubes. Prepare serial dilutions by adding 50 μ L of the reconstituted standard (Standard 7) to the Standard 6 tube, mix well and transfer 50 μ L of the Standard 6 tube to the Standard 5 tube, mix well and transfer 50 μ L of the Standard 5 tube to the Standard 4 tube, mix well and transfer 50 μ L of the Standard 4 tube to the Standard 3 Tube, mix well and transfer 50 μ L of the Standard 3 tube to the Standard 2 tube, mix well and transfer 50 μ L of the Standard 2 tube to the Standard 1 tube and mix well. The 0 pg/mL Standard (Background) will be Assay Buffer.

Standard (Tube #)	Volume of Deionized Water to Add	Volume of Standard to Add
Standard 7 (reconstituted standard)	250 μ L	0

Standard (Tube #)	Volume of Assay Buffer to Add	Volume of Standard to Add
Standard 6	150 μ L	50 μ L of Standard 7
Standard 5	150 μ L	50 μ L of Standard 6
Standard 4	150 μ L	50 μ L of Standard 5
Standard 3	150 μ L	50 μ L of Standard 4
Standard 2	150 μ L	50 μ L of Standard 3
Standard 1	150 μ L	50 μ L of Standard 2

Preparation of Standards



After dilution, each tube has the following concentrations for each analyte:

Standard	sTNFRl (pg/mL)	sIL-1RI, sIL-1RII, sIL-2R α , sIL-4R, sTNFRII (pg/mL)	sCD30, sgp130, sIL-6R, sRAGE, sVEGFR1, sVEGFR2, sVEGFR3 (pg/mL)
Standard 1	4.9	12.2	24.4
Standard 2	19.5	48.8	97.7
Standard 3	78.1	195.3	390.6
Standard 4	312.5	781.3	1,562.5
Standard 5	1,250	3,125	6,250
Standard 6	5,000	12,500	25,000
Standard 7	20,000	50,000	100,000

IMMUNOASSAY PROCEDURE

- Prior to beginning this assay, it is imperative to read this protocol completely and to thoroughly understand the Technical Guidelines.
- Allow all reagents to warm to room temperature (20-25°C) before use in the assay.
- Diagram the placement of Background, Standards [0 (Background), Standard 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7], Controls 1 and 2, and Samples on Well Map Worksheet in a vertical configuration. (Note: Most instruments will only read the 96-well plate vertically by default.) It is recommended to run the samples in duplicate.
- Set the filter plate on a plate holder at all times during reagent dispensing and incubation steps so that the bottom of the plate does not touch any surface.

1. Prewet the filter plate by pipetting 200 µL of 1X Wash Buffer into each well of the Microtiter Filter Plate. Seal and mix on a plate shaker for 10 minutes at room temperature (20-25°C).
2. Remove Wash Buffer by vacuum. **(NOTE: DO NOT INVERT PLATE.)** Blot excess Wash Buffer from the bottom of the plate with an absorbent pad or paper towels.
3. Add 25 µL of each Standard or Control into the appropriate wells. Assay Buffer should be used for 0 pg/mL Standard (Background).
4. Add 25 µL of Assay Buffer to the sample wells.
5. Add 25 µL of appropriate matrix solution to the background, standards, and control wells. When assaying diluted serum or plasma samples use the Serum Matrix provided in the kit. When assaying tissue/cell extract or tissue/cell culture medium samples use identical extraction buffer or control medium as the matrix solution.
6. Add 25 µL of Sample into the appropriate wells [samples may require dilution (1:5 or greater for serum and plasma) – refer to sample collection and storage section for diluting samples prior to addition to plate].
7. Vortex Mixing Bottle and add 25 µL of the Mixed or Premixed Beads to each well. (Note: During addition of Mixed Beads, shake Mixing Bottle intermittently to avoid settling.)

Add 200 µL Wash Buffer per well



Shake 10 min, RT

Vacuum

- Add 25 µL Standard or Control to appropriate wells
- Add 25 µL Assay Buffer to background and sample wells
- Add 25 µL appropriate matrix solution to background, standards and control wells
- Add 25 µL Samples to sample wells
- Add 25 µL Beads to each well



8. Seal the plate with a plate sealer then cover it with the opaque lid. Wrap a rubber band around the plate holder, plate and lid and incubate with agitation on a plate shaker overnight (16-18 hours) at 4°C or 2 hours at room temperature (20-25°C). *An overnight incubation may improve assay sensitivity for some analytes.*
9. Gently remove fluid by vacuum. **(NOTE: DO NOT INVERT PLATE.)**
10. Wash plate 2 times with 200 µL/well of Wash Buffer, removing Wash Buffer by vacuum filtration between each wash. Blot excess Wash Buffer from the bottom the plate by with an absorbent pad or paper towels.
11. Add 25 µL of Detection Antibodies into each well. (Note: Allow the Detection Antibodies to warm to room temperature prior to addition.)
12. Seal, cover with lid, and incubate with agitation on a plate shaker for 1 hour at room temperature (20-25°C). **DO NOT VACUUM AFTER INCUBATION.**
13. Add 25 µL Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin to each well containing the 25 µL of Detection Antibodies. (Note: Allow the SAPE to warm to room temperature prior to addition.)
14. Seal, cover with lid and incubate with agitation on a plate shaker for 30 minutes at room temperature (20-25°C).
15. Gently remove all contents by vacuum. **(NOTE: DO NOT INVERT PLATE.)**
16. Wash plate 2 times with 200 µL/well Wash Buffer, removing Wash Buffer by vacuum filtration between each wash. Wipe any excess buffer on the bottom of the plate with an absorbent pad or paper towel.
17. Add 100 µL of Sheath Fluid to all wells. Resuspend the beads by incubating with agitation on a plate shaker for 5 minutes at room temperature.
18. Run plate on Luminex 100™ IS, 200™, HTS.

Incubate overnight at 4°C or 2 hours at RT with shaking



Vacuum and wash 2X with 200 µL Wash Buffer

Add 25 µL Detection Antibodies per well

Incubate 1 hour at RT



Do not vacuum

Add 25 µL Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin per well

Incubate for 30 minutes at RT



Vacuum and wash 2X with 200µL Wash Buffer

Add 100 µL Sheath Fluid per well

Read on Luminex (50µL, 50 beads per bead set)



19. Save and analyze the Median Fluorescent Intensity (MFI) data using a 5-parameter logistic or spline curve-fitting method to calculate analyte concentrations in samples.

Remember to multiple the sample dilution factor for final sample results.

EQUIPMENT SETTINGS

These specifications are for the Luminex 100™ IS v.1.7, Luminex 100™ IS v2.1/2.2, Luminex 200™ v2.3, xPONENT®, and Luminex HTS. Luminex instruments with other software (e.g. MasterPlex®, StarStation®, LiquiChip®, Bio-Plex®, LABScan®100) would need to follow instrument instructions for gate settings and additional specifications from the vendors.

Events:	50 per bead	
Sample Size:	50 µL	
Gate Settings	8,000 to 15,000	
Time Out	60 seconds	
Bead Set:	13-plex Premix and 13-plex Customizable Beads	
	sCD30 Bead	65
	sgp130	67
	sIL-1RI	71
	sIL-1RII	73
	sIL-2R α	76
	sIL-4R	79
	sIL-6R	83
	sRAGE	85
	sTNFRI	87
	sTNFRII	89
	sVEGFR1	91
	sVEGFR2	93
	sVEGFR3	95

QUALITY CONTROLS

The ranges for each analyte in Quality Control 1 and 2 are provided on the card insert or can be located at the MILLIPORE website www.millipore.com/techlibrary/index.do using the catalog number as the keyword.

ASSAY CHARACTERISTICS

Assay Sensitivities (minimum detectable concentrations, pg/mL)

MinDC: Minimum Detectable Concentration is calculated by the StatLIA® Immunoassay Analysis Software from Brendan Technologies. It measures the true limits of detection for an assay by mathematically determining what the empirical MinDC would be if an infinite number of standard concentrations were run for the assay under the same conditions.

Analyte	2 hour protocol*	overnight protocol**
sCD30	9.3	6.0
sgp130	84.0	36.0
sIL-1RI	2.7	1.0
sIL-1RII	10.6	4.0
sIL-2R α	5.7	2.0
sIL-4R	2.6	2.0
sIL-6R	23.7	8.0
sRAGE	23.7	23.0
sTNFRI	21.9	6.7
sTNFRII	4.7	3.0
sVEGFR1	76.2	18.0
sVEGFR2	32.6	11.0
sVEGFR3	41.5	15.0

*mean sensitivity + 2 standard deviations, N=9 assays

**for reference only

Precision

Intra-assay precision is generated from the mean of the %CV's from four reportable results across two different concentrations of analytes in seven different assays. Inter-assay precision is generated from the mean of the %CV's from four reportable results across two different concentrations of analytes across seven different assays.

<i>Analyte</i>	<i>Intra-Assay (CV%)</i>	<i>Inter-Assay (CV%)</i>
sCD30	7.8	9.6
sgp130	6.1	6.9
sIL-1RI	6.6	5.2
sIL-1RII	7.3	7.5
sIL-2R α	6.7	7.2
sIL-4R	7.7	7.0
sIL-6R	7.3	7.6
sRAGE	6.3	7.3
sTNFRI	5.6	7.6
sTNFRII	5.4	6.2
sVEGFR1	8.2	8.9
sVEGFR2	6.8	7.8
sVEGFR3	7.4	9.0

Accuracy

Spike Recovery: The data represent mean percent recovery of three levels of spiked standards in diluted serum samples.

Analyte	Serum
sCD30	94.2
sgp130	82.2
sIL-1RI	92.7
sIL-1RII	100.4
sIL-2R α	95.1
sIL-4R	99.6
sIL-6R	104.8
sRAGE	77.9
sTNFRI	103.1
sTNFRII	95.9
sVEGFR1	175.6
sVEGFR2	103.2
sVEGFR3	100.8

Cross-Reactivity

There was no or negligible cross-reactivity between the antibodies for an analyte and any of the other analytes in this panel.

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Problem	Probable Cause	Solution
Filter plate will not vacuum	Vacuum pressure is insufficient	Increase vacuum pressure such that 0.2mL buffer can be suctioned in 3-5 seconds.
	Samples have insoluble particles	Centrifuge samples just prior to assay setup and use supernatant. If high lipid concentration, after centrifugation, remove lipid layer and use supernatant.
	Sample too viscous	May need to dilute sample.
Insufficient bead count	Vacuum pressure too high	Adjust vacuum pressure such that 0.2mL buffer can be suctioned in 3-5 seconds.
	Bead mix prepared incorrectly	Sonicate bead vials and vortex just prior to adding to Mixing Bottle according to protocol. Agitate bead mix intermittently in reservoir while pipetting into the plate.
	Samples cause interference due to particulate matter or viscosity	See above. Also sample probe may need to be cleaned with alcohol flush, backflush and washes; or, if needed, probe should be removed and sonicated.
	Probe height not adjusted correctly	Adjust probe to 3 alignment discs in well H6.
Plate leaked	Vacuum pressure too high	Adjust vacuum pressure such that 0.2mL buffer can be suctioned in 3-5 seconds. May need to transfer contents to a new (prewetted) plate and continue.
	Plate set directly on table or absorbent towels during incubations or reagent additions	Set plate on plate holder or raised edge so bottom of filter is not touching any surface.
	Insufficient blotting of filter plate bottom causing wicking	Blot the bottom of the filter plate well with absorbent towels after each wash step.
	Pipette touching plate filter during additions	Pipette to the side of well.
	Probe height not adjusted correctly	Adjust probe to 3 alignment discs in well H6.
Background is too high	Background wells were contaminated	Avoid cross-well contamination by using sealer appropriately and by pipetting with multichannel pipets without touching reagent in plate.
	Matrix used has endogenous analyte or interference	Check matrix ingredients for crossreacting components (e.g. interleukin modified tissue culture medium).
	Insufficient washes	Increase number of washes.

Beads not in region or gate	Luminex not calibrated correctly or recently	Calibrate Luminex based on instrument manufacturer's instructions, at least once a week or if temperature has changed by $>3^{\circ}\text{C}$.
	Gate settings not adjusted correctly	Some Luminex instruments (e.g. Bioplex) require different gate settings than those described in the kit protocol. Use instrument default settings.
	Wrong bead regions in protocol template	Check kit protocol for correct bead regions or analyte selection.
	Incorrect sample type used	Samples containing organic solvents or if highly viscous should be diluted or dialyzed as required.
	Instrument not washed or primed	Prime the Luminex 4 times to eliminate air bubbles. Wash 4 times with sheath fluid or water if there is any remnant alcohol or sanitizing liquid.
Signal for whole plate is same as background	Beads were exposed to light	Keep plate and bead mix covered with dark lid or aluminum foil during all incubation steps.
	Incorrect or no Detection Antibody was added	Add appropriate Detection Antibody and continue.
Low signal for standard curve	Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin was not added	Add Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin according to protocol. If Detection Antibody has already been vacuumed out, sensitivity may be low.
	Detection Antibody may have been vacuumed out prior to adding Streptavidin Phycoerythrin	May need to repeat assay if desired sensitivity not achieved.
Signals too high, standard curves are saturated	Incubations done at incorrect temperatures, timings or agitation	Assay conditions need to be checked.
	Calibration target value set too high	With some Luminex instruments (e.g. Bio-plex) default target setting for RP1 calibrator is set at High PMT. Use low target value for calibration and reanalyze plate.
Sample readings are out of range	Plate incubation was too long with standard curve and samples	Use shorter incubation time.
	Samples contain no or below detectable levels of analyte	If below detectable levels, it may be possible to use higher sample volume. Check with tech support for appropriate protocol modifications.
	Samples contain analyte concentrations higher than highest standard point	Samples may require dilution and reanalysis for that particular analyte.
	Standard curve was saturated at higher end of curve	See above.

High variation in samples and/or standards	Multichannel pipet may not be calibrated	Calibrate pipets.
	Plate washing was not uniform	Confirm all reagents are vacuumed out completely in all wash steps.
	Samples may have high particulate matter or other interfering substances	See above.
	Plate agitation was insufficient	Plate should be agitated during all incubation steps using a vertical plate shaker at a speed where beads are in constant motion without causing splashing.
	Cross-well contamination	Check when reusing plate sealer that no reagent has touched sealer. Care should be taken when using same pipet tips that are used for reagent additions and that pipet tip does not touch reagent in plate.

REPLACEMENT REAGENTS

Components

Cat

Mouse Soluble Cytokine Receptor Standard	MSCR8042
Mouse Soluble Cytokine Receptor Quality Controls 1 and 2	MSCR6042
Mouse Soluble Cytokine Receptor Detection Antibodies	MSCR1042
Serum Matrix	LMC-SD
Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin	L-SAPE3
Assay Buffer	L-AB
Set of two 96-Well Filter Plates with Sealers	MX-PLATE
10X Wash Buffer	L-WB

Antibody-Immobilized Beads

<u>Soluble Cytokine Receptor</u>	<u>Bead #</u>	<u>Cat. #</u>
sCD30	65	MCD30
sgp130	67	MGP130
sIL-1RI	71	MIL1R1
sIL-1RII	73	MIL1R2
sIL-2R α	76	MIL2RA
sIL-4R	79	MIL4R
sIL-6R	83	MIL6R
sRAGE	85	MRAGE
sTNFRI	87	MTNFR1
sTNFRII	89	MTNFR2
sVEGFR1	91	MVEGFR1
sVEGFR2	93	MVEGFR2
sVEGFR3	95	MVEGFR3
Premixed 13-plex Beads		MSCR-PMX13

ORDERING INFORMATION

To place an order:

To assure the clarity of your custom soluble cytokine receptor kit order, please FAX the following information to our customer service department:

- Your name, telephone and/or fax number
- Customer account number
- Shipping and billing address
- Purchase order number
- Catalog number and description of product
- Quantity of kits
- Selection of MILLIPLEXTM Analyte Requirements

FAX: (636) 441-8050

Toll-Free US: (866) 441-8400

(636) 441-8400

Mail Orders: Millipore Corp.
6 Research Park Drive
St. Charles, Missouri 63304 U.S.A.

For International Customers:

To best serve our international customers in placing an order or obtaining additional information about MILLIPLEXTM MAP products, please contact your multiplex specialist or sales representative or email our European Customer Service at customerserviceEU@Millipore.com.

Conditions of Sale

All products are for research use only. They are not intended for use in clinical diagnosis or for administration to humans or animals. All products are intended for *in vitro* use only.

Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)

Material Safety Data Sheets for Millipore products may be ordered by fax or phone or through our website at www.millipore.com/techlibrary/index.do

WELL MAP

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	0 pg/mL Standard (Background)	Standard 4	QC-1 Control	Etc.								
B	0 pg/mL Standard (Background)	Standard 4	QC-1 Control									
C	Standard 1	Standard 5	QC-2 Control									
D	Standard 1	Standard 5	QC-2 Control									
E	Standard 2	Standard 6	Sample 1									
F	Standard 2	Standard 6	Sample 1									
G	Standard 3	Standard 7	Sample 2									
H	Standard 3	Standard 7	Sample 2									