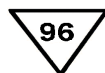

Instructions for use
Normetanephrine Urine ELISA **Fast Track**

REF

KAPL10-0400



IVD



Normetanephrine Urine ELISA

1. **Intended use and principle of the test**

Enzyme Immunoassay for the quantitative determination of Normetanephrine in urine

During the sample preparation Normetanephrine (Normetadrenaline) is quantitatively acylated.

The subsequent competitive ELISA kit uses the microtiter plate format. The antigen is bound to the solid phase of the microtiter plate. The acylated standards, controls and samples and the solid phase bound analyte compete for a fixed number of antiserum binding sites. After the system is in equilibrium, free antigen and free antigen-antiserum complexes are removed by washing. The antibody bound to the solid phase is detected by an anti-rabbit IgG-peroxidase conjugate using TMB as a substrate. The reaction is monitored at 450 nm.

Quantification of unknown samples is achieved by comparing their absorbance with a reference curve prepared with known standard concentrations.

2. **Advice on handling the test**

2.1 **Reliability of the test results**

In order to assure a reliable evaluation of the test results it must be conducted according to the instructions included and in accordance with current rules and guidelines (GLP, RILIBÄK, etc.). Special attention must be paid to control checks for precision and correctness during the test; the results of these control checks have to be within the norm range. In case of significant discrepancies between the pre-set assay characteristics of this test and the actual results please contact the manufacturer of the test kit for further instructions.

It is recommended that each laboratory establishes its own reference intervals. The values reported in this test instruction are only indicative.

The results obtained with this test kit should not be taken as the sole reason for any therapeutic consequence but have to be correlated to other diagnostic tests and clinical observations.

2.2 **Complaints**

In case of complaints please submit to the manufacturer a written report containing all data as to how the test was conducted, the results received and a copy of the original test printout. Please contact the manufacturer to obtain a reclamation form and return it completely filled in to the manufacturer.

2.3 **Warranty**

This test kit was produced according to the latest developments in technology and subjected to stringent internal and external quality control checks. Any alteration of the test kit or the test procedure as well as the usage of reagents from different charges may have a negative influence on the test results and are therefore not covered by warranty. The manufacturer is not liable for damages incurred in transit.

2.4 **Disposal**

Residual substances and/or all remaining chemicals, reagents and ready for use solutions, are special refuse. The disposal is subject to the laws and regulations of the federation and the countries. About the removal of special refuse the responsible authorities or refuse disposal enterprises inform. The disposal of the kit must be made according to the national official regulations. Legal basis for the disposal of special refuse is the cycle economic- and waste law.

The appropriate safety data sheets of the individual products are available on the homepage. The safety data sheets correspond to the standard: ISO 11014-1.

2.5 **Interference**

Do not mix reagents and solutions from different lots. Consider different transport and storage conditions. Inappropriate handling of test samples or deviations from the test regulation can the results affect. Use no kit components beyond the expiration date. Avoid microbiological contamination of the reagents and the washing water. Consider incubation periods and wash references.

2.6 **Precautions**

Observe the incubation periods and washing instructions. Never pipette by mouth and avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin. No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where samples or kit test tubes are handled. When working with kit components or samples, always wear protective gloves and wash your hand thoroughly as soon as you have finished the work. Avoid spraying of any kind. Avoid any skin contact with reagents. Use protective clothing and disposable gloves. All steps have to be performed according to the protocol. Optimal test results are only obtained when using calibrated pipettes. Sodium azide could react with lead and copper tubes and may form highly explosive metal azide. When clearing up, rinse thoroughly with large volumes of water to prevent such formation.

All reagents of this testkit which contain human or animal serum or plasma have been tested and confirmed negative for HIV I/II, HbsAg and HCV by FDA approved procedures.

All reagents, however, should be treated as potential biohazards in use and for disposal.

3. Storage and stability

Store the reagents at 2 - 8 °C until expiration date. Do not use components beyond the expiry date indicated on the kit labels. Do not mix various lots of any kit component within an individual assay.

4.1 Contents of the kit

| | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|--|--------------|---|
| BA D-0023 | REAC-TUBES | Reaction Tubes | 2 x 50 | ready for use |
| BA E-0030 | WASH-CONC 50x | Wash Buffer Concentrate | 1 x 20 mL | concentrate, dilute content with dist. water to a final volume of 1000 mL |
| BA E-0045 | CONJUGATE | Enzyme Conjugate | 1 x 12 mL | ready for use, anti-rabbit IgG conjugated with peroxidase |
| BA E-0055 | SUBSTRATE | Substrate | 1 x 12 mL | ready for use, containing a solution of tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) |
| BA E-0080 | STOP-SOLN | Stop Solution | 1 x 12 mL | ready for use, containing 0.25 M H ₂ SO ₄ |
| BA E-0231 | MI NAD NMN | Noradrenaline-Normetanephrine Microtiter Strips | 1 x 96 wells | 12 strips, 8 wells each, break apart, pre-coated, yellow coloured |
| BA E-8510 | NMN-AS | Normetanephrine Antiserum | 1 x 12 mL | from rabbit, ready for use, yellow coloured, yellow screw cap |
| BA R-0012 | ACYL-CONC | Acylation Concentrate | 1 x 0.5 mL | Concentrate. Has to be diluted prior to use. |
| BA R-0075 | ACYL-DILUENT | Acylation Diluent | 1 x 4 mL | ready for use |
| BA R-8601 | STANDARD A | Standard A | 1 x 2 mL | ready for use |
| BA R-8602 | STANDARD B | Standard B | 1 x 2 mL | ready for use |
| BA R-8603 | STANDARD C | Standard C | 1 x 2 mL | ready for use |
| BA R-8604 | STANDARD D | Standard D | 1 x 2 mL | ready for use |
| BA R-8605 | STANDARD E | Standard E | 1 x 2 mL | ready for use |
| BA R-8606 | STANDARD F | Standard F | 1 x 2 mL | ready for use |
| BA R-8619 | HCL | Hydrochloric Acid | 1 x 30 mL | ready for use, contains 0.25 M HCl |
| BA R-8651 | CONTROL 1 | Control 1 | 1 x 2 mL | ready for use |
| BA R-8652 | CONTROL 2 | Control 2 | 1 x 2 mL | ready for use |
| BA R-8611 | ACYL-BUFF | Acylation Buffer | 1 x 30 mL | ready for use |

4.2 Additional materials and equipment required but not provided in the kit

- Calibrated variable precision micropipettes (e.g. 10-100 µL / 100-1.000µL)
- Microtiter plate washing device
- ELISA reader capable of reading absorbance at 450 nm and 620 or 650 nm
- Centrifuge capable of at least 3.000 x g
- Absorbent material (paper towel)
- Distilled water, Vortex mixer
- Temperature controlled water bath (90°C) or similar heating device



The assay can be performed with or without shaking. If a shaker is used, it should have the following characteristics: shaking amplitude 3mm; approx. 600 rpm

5. Sample collection and storage

Spontaneous or 24-hour urine, collected in a bottle containing 10-15 mL of 6 M HCl, should be used. Determine the total volume of urine excreted during a period of 24 h for calculation of the results.

Storage: for longer periods (up to 6 months) at -20°C.

Repeated freezing and thawing should be avoided.

Avoid exposure to direct sunlight.

6. Test procedure


Allow all reagents to reach room temperature and mix thoroughly by gentle inversion before use. Number the Reaction Tubes accordingly. Duplicate determinations are recommended.

6.1 Preparation of reagents

Wash Buffer


Dilute the 20 mL Wash Buffer Concentrate with distilled water to a final volume of 1000 mL.
Storage: up to 6 months 2–8°C

Acylation Solution

 Before preparing the Acylation Solution make sure that the Acylation Diluent (BA R-0075) has reached room temperature ($\geq 20^{\circ}\text{C}$) and forms a homogenous, crystal-free solution.


Dilute the Acylation Concentrate (BA R-0012) 1 + 60 with Acylation-Diluent in a glass or polypropylene-vial.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Acylation Concentrate | 10 μL | 20 μL | 25 μL | 50 μL |
| Acylation-Diluent | 600 μL | 1.2 mL | 1.5 mL | 3 mL |


 The Acylation Solution has to be prepared freshly prior to the assay (not longer than 60 minutes in advance). Discard after use!

6.2 Sample preparation and acylation

Hydrolysis


| | |
|---|---|
| 1. | Pipette 25 μL of standards , 25 μL of controls , and 25 μL of urine samples into the respective Reaction Tubes . |
| 2. | Add 250 μL Hydrochloric Acid to all tubes. |
| 3. | Mix thoroughly (vortex) and hydrolyze for 30 min. at 90 °C . |
| 4. | Cool down the tubes to room temperature. |
|  | For the measurement of the free Normetanephrine only, leave away step 3 and 4. |

Acylation

| | |
|---|---|
| 1. | Pipette 250 μL of Acylation Buffer into all tubes. |
| 2. | Add 25 μL of Acylation Solution to all tubes. |
| 3. | Mix thoroughly (vortex) and acylate for 15 minutes at RT (20-25°C). |
| 4. | Add 2.5 mL dist. water to all tubes. |
|  | Take 25 μL of the acylated standards, controls and urine samples for the Normetanephrine ELISA . |

6.3 Normetanephrine ELISA

The usage of a shaker is not mandatory. The alternative protocol without shaker is highlighted in italic and shaded in grey.

| | |
|-----|--|
| 1. | Pipette 25 µL of the acylated standards, controls and samples into the appropriate wells of the Normetanephrine Microtiter Strips . |
| 2. | Pipette 100 µL of the Normetanephrine Antiserum into all wells. |
| 3. | Incubate 30 min at RT (20-25°C) on a shaker (approx. 600 rpm). <i>Without usage of a shaker: shake Normetanephrine Microtiter Strips shortly by hand and incubate for 1 hour at RT (20-25°C).</i> |
| 4. | Discard or aspirate the contents of the wells and wash each well 3 times thoroughly with 300 µL Washbuffer . Blot dry by tapping the inverted plate on absorbent material. |
| 5. | Pipette 100 µL of the Enzyme Conjugate into all wells. |
| 6. | Incubate for 15 min at RT (20-25°C) on a shaker (approx. 600 rpm). <i>Without usage of a shaker: incubate for 15 min at RT (20-25°C).</i> |
| 7. | Discard or aspirate the contents of the wells and wash each well 3 times thoroughly with 300 µL Washbuffer . Blot dry by tapping the inverted plate on absorbent material. |
| 8. | Pipette 100 µL of the Substrate into all wells. |
| 9. | Incubate for 15 ± 2 min at RT (20-25°C) on a shaker (approx. 600 rpm).  <i>Without usage of a shaker: incubate for 15 min ± 2 at RT (20-25°C).</i> Avoid exposure to direct sun light! |
| 10. | Add 100 µL of the Stop Solution to each well and shake the microtiter plate to ensure a homogeneous distribution of the solution. |
| 11. | Read the absorbance of the solution in the wells within 10 minutes, using a microplate reader set to 450 nm and a reference wavelength between 620 nm and 650 nm. |

7. Calculation of results

| Standard | Concentration of the standards | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-------|--------|--------|
| | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| Normetanephrine (ng/mL = µg/L) | 0 | 60 | 180 | 600 | 2 400 | 9 600 |
| Normetanephrine (nmol/L) | 0 | 328 | 983 | 3 280 | 13 104 | 52 416 |
| Conversion: | Normetanephrine (ng/mL) x 5.46 = Normetanephrine (nmol/L) | | | | | |

The calibration curve is obtained by plotting the absorbance readings (calculate the mean absorbance) of the standards (linear, y-axis) against the corresponding standard concentrations (logarithmic, x-axis). Use a non-linear regression for curve fitting (e.g. spline, 4- parameter, akima).

The concentrations of the samples and controls can be read directly from the standard curve.

The amount of analyte excreted per day (µg/day) is calculated according to:

$$\text{concentration of the sample (in } \mu\text{g/L)} \times \text{volume of urine excreted per day (in L/day)}$$

Example

The concentration of the sample read from the curve is 125 µg/L. The amount of urine collected during 24 hours is 1.3 L. Then the amount of analyte excreted during one day would be:


$$125 \mu\text{g/L} \times 1.3 \text{ L/day} = 162.5 \mu\text{g/day}$$

7.1 Quality control

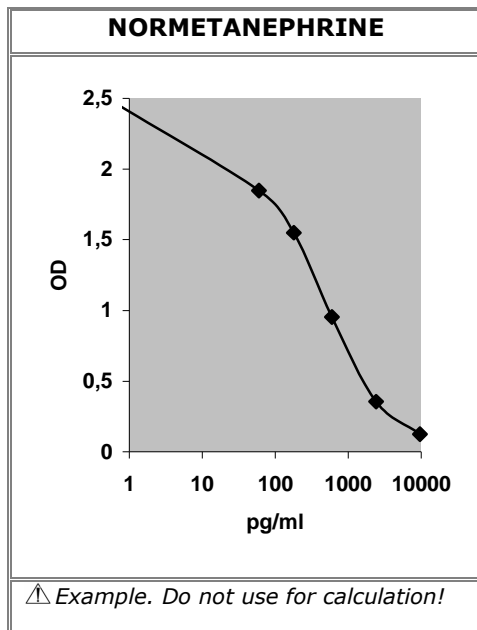
It is recommended to use control samples according to state and federal regulations. Use controls at both normal and pathological levels. The kit or other commercial controls should fall within established confidence limits. The confidence limits of the kit controls are indicated on the QC Report.

7.2 Calibration

The binding of the antisera and the enzyme conjugates and the activity of the enzyme used are temperature dependent, and the extinction values may vary if a thermostat is not used. The higher the temperature, the higher the extinction values will be. The extinction values also depend on the incubation times. The optimal temperature during the Enzyme Immunoassay is between 20-25°C.

 *In case of overflow, read the absorbance of the solution in the wells within 10 minutes, using a microplate reader set to 405 nm*

7.3 Typical calibration curve



8. Assay characteristics

| | | |
|----------------------------------|-------|------------------------|
| Expected Reference Values | | Normetanephrine |
| | Urine | < 600 µg/day |

| | | |
|--|-------|------------------------|
| Analytical Sensitivity (Limit of Detection) | | Normetanephrine |
| | Urine | 23 ng/mL |

| Analytical Specificity (Cross Reactivity) | Substance | Cross Reactivity (%) |
|--|---|-----------------------------|
| | | |
| | Derivatized Metanephrine | 0.11 |
| | Derivatized Normetanephrine | 100 |
| | Derivatized 3-methoxytyramine | 0.19 |
| | Adrenaline | < 0.001 |
| | Noradrenaline | 0.64 |
| | Dopamine | 0.001 |
| | Vanillic mandelic acid, L-Dopa, Homovanillic acid, L-Tyrosin, Tyramin | < 0.001 |

| Precision | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--------|---------------|--------|--------------------|--------|---------------|--------|
| Intra-Assay | | | | Inter-Assay | | | |
| | Sample | Range (ng/mL) | CV (%) | | Sample | Range (ng/mL) | CV (%) |
| Normetanephrine | 1 | 200 ± 34 | 17.2 | Normetanephrine | 1 | 191 ± 41 | 21.4 |
| | 2 | 857 ± 153 | 17.8 | | 2 | 682 ± 131 | 19.3 |

| Linearity | | | Range | Serial dilution up to | Mean (%) |
|------------------|-----------------|-------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|
| | Normetanephrine | Urine | 40 - 5 200 ng/mL | 1:16 | 93 |







| Recovery | | | Mean (%) | Range (%) | % Recovery after spiking |
|-----------------|-----------------|-------|----------|-----------|--------------------------|
| | Normetanephrine | Urine | 103 | 90 - 113 | |

| Method Comparison versus HPLC* | Normetanephrine | Urine | HPLC = 0.9 ELISA + 0.6 | r = 0.99; n = 40 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|-------|------------------------|------------------|
| | | | | |

* The concentrations were assessed using both the ELISA and the HPLC method (external QC samples from UK NEQAS). The correlation between ELISA and HPLC is excellent. Please take in mind, that the UK control values are the mean of about 40 different HPLC users, and contain always one pathological sample per sending.

 **For actual literature, information about clinical significance or any other information please contact your local supplier.**

Symbols:

| | | | | | |
|---|------------------------------|---|------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
|  | Storage temperature |  | Manufacturer |  | Contains sufficient for <n> tests |
|  | Expiry date | LOT | Batch code | IVD | For in-vitro diagnostic use only! |
|  | Consult instructions for use | CONT | Content | CE | CE labelled |
|  | Caution | REF | Catalogue number | RUO | For research use only! |