

## **1 INTENDED USE**

Immunoenzymetric assay for the in vitro quantitative measurement of human interleukin-8 (IL-8) in plasma. This kit is intended for Research Use Only in the United States.

## **2 CLINICAL BACKGROUND**

### **2.1 Biological activities**

IL-8 (also known as NAP-1 for Neutrophil-activating peptide) is a chemoattractant protein for neutrophils. This cytokine belongs to a new family of chemotactic peptides called "chemokines". This proinflammatory mediator is secreted by different cells such as monocytes, neutrophils, endothelial cells, fibroblast after activation, and by mitogen-stimulated T lymphocytes. IL-8 is a key cytokine that has been found in scales of psoriasis patients, in synovial fluid of patients suffering from rheumatoid arthritis and gout. The role of IL-8 in the recruitment of neutrophils in the lung during ARDS has also been suggested.

### **2.2 Clinical application**

The IL-8 level in the septic shock patients was found to correlate with mortality and in acute graft liver rejection the IL-8 serum levels were reported to have markedly increased. The level of IL-8 in these or other conditions may prove to be important in characterizing the progress of these disease conditions.

## **3 PRINCIPLES OF THE METHOD**

The DRG® IL-8-ELISA is a solid phase Enzyme Amplified Sensitivity Immunoassay (EASIA) performed on microtiterplate. The assay uses monoclonal antibodies (MAbs) directed against distinct epitopes of IL-8. Standards and samples react with the capture monoclonal antibody (MAb 1) coated on microtiter well and with a monoclonal antibody (MAb 2) labelled with horseradish peroxidase (HRP).

After an incubation period allowing the formation of a sandwich: coated MAb 1 – human IL-8 – MAb 2 – HRP, the microtiterplate is washed to remove unbound enzyme labelled antibody. Bound enzyme-labelled antibody is measured through a chromogenic reaction. Chromogenic solution (TMB) is added and incubated.

The reaction is stopped with the addition of Stop Solution and the microtiterplate is then read at the appropriate wavelength.

The amount of substrate turnover is determined colourimetrically by measuring the absorbance, which is proportional to the IL-8 concentration.

A calibration curve is plotted and IL-8 concentration in samples is determined by interpolation from the calibration curve. The use of the EASIA reader (linearity up to 3 OD units) and a sophisticated data reduction method (polychromatic data reduction) result in a high sensitivity in the low range and in an extended calibration range.

# DRG® IL-8 ELISA (EIA-4700)



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## 4 REAGENTS PROVIDED

Reagents	96 tests Kit	Color Code	Reconstitution
<b>Microtiterplate</b> with 96 anti IL-8 (monoclonal antibodies) coated wells	96 wells	blue	<b>Ready</b> for use
<b>Conjugate:</b> HRP labelled anti-IL-8 (monoclonal antibodies) in TRIS-Maleate buffer with bovine serum albumin and thymol	1 vial 6 ml	red	<b>Ready</b> for use
<b>Standard</b> N = 0 to 5 (see exact values on vial labels) in human serum with benzamidin and thymol	6 vials lyophil.	yellow	<b>Add</b> 1 ml distilled water
<b>Specimen Diluent:</b> human serum with benzamidin and thymol	2 vials lyophil.	black	<b>Add</b> distilled water (see on the label for the exact volume)
<b>Incubation Buffer:</b> Phosphate buffer with bovine serum albumin and thymol	1 vial 11 ml	black	<b>Ready</b> for use
<b>Wash Solution Conc.</b> (Tris-HCl)	1 vial 10 ml	brown	<b>Dilute</b> 200 x with distilled water (use a magnetic stirrer).
<b>Control</b> - N = 1 or 2 in human serum with thymol	2 vials lyophil.	silver	<b>Add</b> 1 ml distilled water
<b>Chromogen TMB</b> (Conc.) (Tetramethylbenzidine) in Dimethylformamide	1 vial 1 ml	green	<b>Dilute</b> 0.2 ml into 1 vial of substrate buffer
<b>Substrate Buffer:</b> H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> in acetate / citrate buffer	3 vials 21 ml	white	<b>Ready</b> for use
<b>Stop Solution:</b> H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> 1.8 N	1 vial 6 ml	black	<b>Ready</b> for use

**Note:** 1. Use Specimen Diluent for sample dilutions.  
2. 1 pg of the standard preparation is equivalent to 1 mU of the NIBSC 1<sup>st</sup> IS 89/520.

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**RUO** IN THE USA**5 SUPPLIES NOT PROVIDED**

The following material is required but not provided in the kit:

1. High quality distilled water
2. Pipettes for delivery of: 50 µL, 100 µL, 200 µL, 1 ml and 10 ml (the use of accurate pipettes with disposable plastic tips is recommended)
3. Vortex mixer
4. Magnetic stirrer
5. Horizontal microtiterplate shaker capable of 700 rpm ± 100 rpm
6. Washer for Microtiterplates
7. Microtiterplate reader capable of reading at 450 nm, 490 nm and 650 nm (in case of polychromatic reading) or capable of reading at 450 nm and 650 nm (bichromatic reading)
8. Optional equipment: The ELISA-AID™ necessary to read the plate according to polychromatic reading (see paragraph 10.1.) can be purchased from Robert Maciels Associates, Inc. Mass. 0.2174 USA.

**6 REAGENT PREPARATION****A. Standards:**

Reconstitute standards with 1 ml distilled water.

**B. Controls:**

Reconstitute the controls with 1 ml distilled water.

**C. Specimen Diluent:**

Reconstitute specimen diluent to the volume specified on the vial label with distilled water

**D. Working Wash solution:**

Prepare an adequate volume of Working Wash solution by adding 199 volumes of distilled water to 1 volume of Wash Solution (200x). Use a magnetic stirrer to homogenize.

Discard unused Working Wash solution at the end of the day.

**E. Revelation Solution:**

pipette 0.2 ml of the Chromogen TMB into one of the vials of substrate buffer (H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> in acetate/citrate buffer).

Extemporaneous preparation is recommended.

**7 STORAGE AND EXPIRATION DATING OF REAGENTS**

- Before opening or reconstitution, all kits components are stable until the expiry date, indicated on the vial label, if kept at 2 to 8°C.
- Unused strips must be stored, at 2-8°C, in a sealed bag containing a desiccant until expiration date.

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- After reconstitution, standards, controls and Specimen Diluent are stable for 4 days at 2 to 8°C. For longer storage periods, aliquots should be made and kept at -20°C for maximum 2 months. Avoid successive freeze thaw cycles.
- The concentrated Wash Solution is stable at room temperature until expiration date.
- Freshly prepared Working Wash solution should be used on the same day.
- After its first use, the conjugate is stable until expiry date, if kept in the original well-closed vial at 2 to 8°C.
- The freshly prepared revelation solution is stable, before use, for maximum 15 minutes at room temperature and must be discarded afterwards.
- Alterations in physical appearance of kit reagents may indicate instability or deterioration.

## **8 SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND PREPARATION**

Avoid subsequent freeze thaw cycles.

Prior to use, all samples should be at room temperature. It is recommended to vortex the samples before use.

Sampling conditions can affect values, therefore, strict precautions have to be taken during sampling to avoid impurities contained in sampling materials that would stimulate IL-8 production by blood cells and thus falsely increase plasma IL-8 values.

Collection tubes must be pyrogen-free. Plasma can be collected on sterile EDTA and rapidly separated after centrifugation. The use of heparin tubes is discouraged as batches of heparin are often contaminated with pyrogen.

## **9 PROCEDURE**

### **9.1 Handling notes**

Do not use the kit or components beyond expiry date.

Do not mix materials from different kit lots.

Bring all the reagents to room temperature prior to use.

Thoroughly mix all reagents and samples by gentle agitation or swirling.

Perform standards, controls and samples in duplicate. Vertical alignment is recommended.

Use a clean plastic container to prepare the Wash Solution.

In order to avoid cross-contamination, use a clean disposable pipette tip for the addition of each reagent and sample.

For the dispensing of the Revelation Solution and the Stop Solution avoid pipettes with metal parts.

High precision pipettes or automated pipetting equipment will improve the precision.

Respect the incubation times.

To avoid drift, the time between pipetting of the first standard and the last sample must be limited to the time mentioned in section 12.5 (Time delay).

Prepare a calibration curve for each run, do not use data from previous runs.

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The Revelation Solution should be colourless. If a blue colour develops within a few minutes after preparation, this indicates that the reagent is unusable, and must be discarded.

Dispense the Revelation Solution within 15 minutes following the washing of the microtiterplate.

During incubation with Revelation Solution, avoid direct sunlight on the microtiterplate.

## 9.2 Procedure

1. Select the required number of strips for the run. The unused strips should be resealed in the bag with a desiccant and stored at 2-8°C.
2. Secure the strips into the holding frame.
3. Pipette 100 µL of Incubation Buffer into all the wells
4. Pipette 100 µL of each Standard, Control and Sample into the appropriate wells.
5. Pipette 50 µL of anti-IL-8-HRP Conjugate into all the wells.
6. Incubate for 2 hours at room temperature on a horizontal shaker set at 700 rpm  $\pm$  100 rpm.
7. Aspirate the liquid from each well.
8. Wash the plate 3 times by:  
Dispensing 0.4 ml of Wash Solution into each well  
Aspirating the content of each well
9. Pipette 200 µL of the freshly prepared revelation solution into each well within 15 minutes following the washing step.
10. Incubate the microtiterplate for 30 minutes at room temperature on a horizontal shaker set at 700 rpm  $\pm$  100 rpm, avoid direct sunlight.
11. Pipette 50 µL of Stop solution into each well.
12. Read the absorbencies at 450 nm and 490 nm (reference filter 630 nm or 650 nm) within 3 hours and calculate the results as described in section XI.

## 10 CALCULATION OF RESULTS

### 10.1 Polychromatic Reading:

1. In this case, the ELISA-AID™ software will do the data processing.
2. The plate is first read at 450 nm against a reference filter set at 650 nm (or 630 nm).
3. A second reading is performed at 490 nm against the same reference filter.
4. The ELISA-AID™ Software will drive the reader automatically and will integrate both readings into a polychromatic model. This technique can generate OD's up to 10.
5. The principle of polychromatic data processing is as follows:
  - $X_i = \text{OD at 450 nm}$
  - $Y_i = \text{OD at 490 nm}$
  - Using a standard unweighted linear regression, the parameters A & B are calculated :  $Y = A \cdot X + B$
  - If  $X_i < 3$  OD units, then  $X$  calculated =  $X_i$
  - If  $X_i > 3$  OD units, then  $X$  calculated =  $(Y_i - B) / A$
  - A 4-parameter logistic curve fitting is used to build up the calibration curve.
  - The IL-8 concentration in samples is determined by interpolation on the calibration curve.

### 10.2 Bichromatic Reading

1. Read the plate at 450 nm against a reference filter set at 650 nm (or 630 nm).
2. Calculate the mean of duplicate determinations.
3. On semi-logarithmic or linear graph paper plot the OD values (ordinate) for each standard against the corresponding concentration of IL-8 (abscissa) and draw a calibration curve through the standard points by connecting the plotted points with straight lines.
4. Read the concentration for each control and sample by interpolation on the calibration curve.
5. Computer assisted data reduction will simplify these calculations. If automatic result processing is used, a 4-parameter logistic function curve fitting is recommended.

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**11 TYPICAL DATA**

The following data are for illustration only and should never be used instead of the real time calibration curve.

IL-8-ELISA		OD units Polychromatic model
Standard	0 pg/ml	0.029
	40.4 pg/ml	0.120
	58 pg/ml	0.164
	156 pg/ml	0.423
	551 pg/ml	1.350
	1845 pg/ml	2.973

**12 PERFORMANCE AND LIMITATIONS****12.1 Detection Limit**

Twenty zero standards were assayed along with a set of other standards. The detection limit, defined as the apparent concentration two standard deviations above the average OD at zero binding, was 1,1 pg/ml.

**12.2 Specificity**

No significant cross-reaction was observed in presence of 50 ng of IL-1 $\alpha$ , IL-1 $\beta$ , IL-1ra, IL-2, IL-3, IL-4, IL-6, IL-7, IL-10, TNF- $\alpha$ , TNF- $\beta$ , IFN- $\alpha$ , IFN- $\beta$ , IFN- $\gamma$ , TGF- $\beta$ , GM-CSF, OSM, MIP-1 $\alpha$ , MIP-1 $\beta$ , LIF, MCP-1, G-CSF, RANTES, PF-4,  $\beta$ TG, GRO, IP-10 and SCF.

This IL-8 assay is specific for human natural and recombinant IL-8 and is able to recognize the 72 a.a. form of IL-8.

**12.3 Precision**

INTRA ASSAY				INTER ASSAY			
Serum	N	<X> $\pm$ SD (pg/ml)	CV (%)	Serum	N	<X> $\pm$ SD (pg/ml)	CV (%)
A	12	102 $\pm$ 3	3.2	A	20	150 $\pm$ 13	8.6
B	12	227 $\pm$ 8	3.6	B	20	442 $\pm$ 58	13.1

SD: Standard Deviation; CV: Coefficient of variation

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## 12.4 Accuracy

### RECOVERY TEST

Sample	Added IL-8 (pg/ml)	Recovered IL-8 (pg/ml)	Recovery (%)
Plasma	0	0	-
	61	65	105
	108	127	118
	292	349	119

### DILUTION TEST

Sample	Dilution	Theoretical Concent. (pg/ml)	Measured Concent. (pg/ml)
Plasma	1/1	-	678
	1/2	339	272
	1/4	169	148
	1/8	85	82
	1/16	42	40

Samples were diluted with Specimen Diluent.

## 12.5 Time delay between last standard and sample dispensing

As shown hereafter, assay results remain accurate even when a sample is dispensed 30 minutes after the standards have been added to the coated wells.

### TIME DELAY

sample	0 min	10 min	20 min	30 min	40 min
1	66	53	59	55	62
2	118	114	111	108	113
3	246	224	221	213	221
4	914	906	905	882	855

## 12.6 Hook effect

A sample spiked with IL-8 up to 0.5 µg/ml gives higher OD's than the last standard point.



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**RUO** IN THE USA**13 INTERNAL QUALITY CONTROL**

- If the results obtained for Control 1 and/or Control 2 are not within the range specified on the vial label, the results cannot be used unless a satisfactory explanation for the discrepancy has been given.
- If desirable, each laboratory can make its own pools of control samples, which should be kept frozen in aliquots. Controls that contain azide will interfere with the enzymatic reaction and cannot be used.
- Acceptance criteria for the difference between the duplicate results of the samples should rely on Good Laboratory Practises
- It is recommended that controls be routinely assayed as unknown samples to measure assay variability. The performance of the assay should be monitored with quality control charts of the controls.
- It is good practise to check visually the curve fit selected by the computer.

**14 REFERENCE INTERVALS**

These values are given only for guidance; each laboratory should establish its own normal range of values.

For guidance, the results of 36 EDTA plasma samples from apparently healthy persons with low CRP levels, ranged between 0 and 132 pg/ml. Among them, 34 samples obtained values below 50 pg/ml.

**15 PRECAUTIONS AND WARNINGS****Safety**

For *in vitro* use only. This kit is intended for Research Use Only in the United States.

The human blood components included in this kit have been tested by European approved and/or FDA approved methods and found negative for HBsAg, anti-HCV, anti-HIV-1 and 2. No known method can offer complete assurance that human blood derivatives will not transmit hepatitis, AIDS or other infections. Therefore, handling of reagents, serum or plasma specimens should be in accordance with local safety procedures.

All animal products and derivatives have been collected from healthy animals. Bovine components originate from countries where BSE has not been reported. Nevertheless, components containing animal substances should be treated as potentially infectious.

Avoid any skin contact with all reagents, Stop Solution contains H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the chromogen contains TMB in Dimethylformamide, Substrate buffer contains H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>. In case of contact, wash thoroughly with water.

Do not smoke, drink, eat or apply cosmetics in the working area. Do not pipette by mouth. Use protective clothing and disposable gloves.






**16 BIBLIOGRAPHY**

1. MATSUHUMA K., et al. (1989). **Purification and characterization of a novel monocyte chemotactic and activating factor produced by a human myelomonocytic cell line.** J. Exp. Med., 169 : 1485-1490.
2. BAGGIOLINI M., et al. (1989). **Neutrophil-activating peptide-1/Interleukin-8, a novel cytokine that activates neutrophils.**
3. J. Clin. Invest., 84 : 1045-1049. HACK C., et al. (1992). **Interleukin-8 in sepsis : relation to shock and inflammatory mediators.**
4. Infect. Immun., 60 : 2835-2842. TILG H., et al. (1992). **Interleukin-8 serum concentrations after liver transplantation.** Transplant, 53 : 800-803.

**17 SUMMARY OF THE PROTOCOL**

	STANDARDS (µL)	SAMPLE(S) CONTROLS (µL)
Incubation Buffer	100	100
Standards (0-5)	100	-
Samples, Controls	-	100
Anti-IL-8 -HRP Conjugate	50	50
Incubate for 2 hours at room temperature with continuous shaking at 700 rpm. Aspirate the contents of each well. Wash 3 times with 400 µL of Wash Solution and aspirate.		
Revelation Solution	200	200
Incubate for 30 min at room temperature with continuous shaking at 700 rpm.		
Stop Solution	50	50
Read on a microtiterplate reader and record the absorbance of each well at 450 nm (and 490 nm) versus 630 (or 650 nm)		




## SYMBOLS USED WITH DRG® ELISA'S

Symbol	English	Deutsch	Français	Español	Italiano
	Consult instructions for use	Gebrauchsanweisung beachten	Consulter les instructions d'utilisation	Consulte las instrucciones de uso	Consultare le istruzioni per l'uso
CE	European Conformity	CE-Konformitätskennzeichnung	Conformité aux normes européennes	Conformidad europea	Conformità europea
IVD	In vitro diagnostic device	In-vitro-Diagnostikum	Usage Diagnostic in vitro	Para uso Diagnóstico in vitro	Per uso Diagnostica in vitro
RUO	For research use only	Nur für Forschungszwecke	Seulement dans le cadre de recherches	Sólo para uso en investigación	Solo a scopo di ricerca
REF	Catalogue number	Katalog-Nr.	Numéro de catalogue	Número de catálogo	Numero di Catalogo
LOT	Lot. No. / Batch code	Chargen-Nr.	Numéro de lot	Número de lote	Numero di lotto
	Contains sufficient for <n> tests/	Ausreichend für "n" Ansätze	Contenu suffisant pour "n" tests	Contenido suficiente para <n> ensayos	Contenuto sufficiente per "n" saggi
	Storage Temperature	Lagerungstemperatur	Temperature de conservation	Temperatura de conservación	Temperatura di conservazione
	Expiration Date	Mindesthaltbarkeitsdatum	Date limite d'utilisation	Fecha de caducidad	Data di scadenza
	Legal Manufacturer	Hersteller	Fabricant	Fabricante	Fabbricante
Distributed by	Distributor	Distributeur	Distributeur	Distribuidor	Distributore
Content	Content	Inhalt	Conditionnement	Contenido	Contenuto
Volume/No.	Volume / No.	Volumen/Anzahl	Volume/Quantité	Volumen/Número	Volume/Quantità

Symbol	Portugues	Dansk	Svenska	Ελληνικά
	Consulte as instruções de utilização	Se brugsanvisning	Se bruksanvisningen	Εγχειρίδιο χρήστη
CE	Conformidade com as normas europeias	Europeisk overensstemmelse	Europeisk överensstämmelse	Ευρωπαϊκή Συμμόρφωση
IVD	Diagnóstico in vitro	In vitro diagnostik	Diagnostik in vitro	in vitro διαγνωστικό
RUO				
REF	Catálogo n.º	Katalognummer	Katalog nummer	Αριθμός καταλόγου
LOT	No do lote	Lot nummer	Batch-nummer	Αριθμός Παρτίδος
		Indeholder tilstrækkeligt til "n" test	Innehåller tillräckligt till "n" tester	Περιεχόμενο επαρκές για «n» εξετάσεις

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	Temperatura de conservação	Opbevarings-temperatur	Förvaringstempratur	Θερμοκρασία αποθήκευσης
	Prazo de validade	Udløbsdato	Bäst före datum	Ημερομηνία λήξης
	Fabricante	Producent	Tillverkare	Κατασκευαστής
Distributed by				
Content	Conteúdo	Indhold	Innehåll	Περιεχόμενο
Volume/No.	Volume/Número	Volumen/antal	Volym/antal	Όγκος/αριθ.