



Revised 29 July 2010 rm (Vers. 2.1)

For Veterinary Use Only

Please use only the valid version of the package insert provided with the kit.

1 INTENDED USE

This Rat/Mouse Growth Hormone ELISA kit is used for the non-radioactive quantification of Growth Hormone in rat or mouse serum, plasma, tissue extracts or cell culture media samples. One kit is sufficient to measure 39 unknown samples in duplicate.

This kit is for research purpose only.

2 PRINCIPLES OF PROCEDURE

This assay is a Sandwich ELISA based, sequentially, on: 1) capture of rat or mouse Growth Hormone molecules from samples to the wells of a microtiter plate coated by a pre-titered amount of anti-Growth Hormone polyclonal antibodies, 2) wash away of unbound materials from samples, 3) binding of a second biotinylated anti-Growth Hormone polyclonal antibody to the captured molecules, 4) wash away of unbound materials from samples, 5) conjugation of horseradish peroxidase to the immobilized biotinylated antibodies, 6) wash away of free enzyme conjugates, and 7) quantification of immobilized antibody-enzyme conjugates by monitoring horseradish peroxidase activities in the presence of the substrate 3,3′,5,5′-tetramethylbenzidine. The enzyme activity is measured spectrophotometrically by the increased absorbency at 450 nm, corrected from the absorbency at 590 nm, after acidification of formed products.

Since the increase in absorbency is directly proportional to the amount of captured rat or mouse Growth Hormone in the unknown sample, the latter can be derived by interpolation from a reference curve generated in the same assay with reference standards of known concentrations of Rat Growth Hormone.

3 REAGENTS SUPPLIED

Each kit is sufficient to run one 96-well plate and contains the following reagents:

A. Microtiter Strip Plate

Coated with affinity purified Polyclonal anti Growth Hormone Antibodies

Quantity: 1 plate

Preparation: Ready to Use

Note: Unused strips should be resealed in the foil pouch with the desiccant provided and stored

at 2 °C - 8 °C.

B. Adhesive Plate Sealer

Quantity: 2 sheets

Preparation: Ready to Use

C. 10X HRP Wash Buffer Concentrate

10X concentrate of 50 mM Tris Buffered Saline containing Tween-20.

Ouantity: 2 bottles containing 50 mL each

Preparation: Dilute 1:10 with distilled or deionized water.





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D. Rat/Mouse Growth Hormone **Standard**

Recombinant Rat Growth Hormone, 0.5 mL/vial, lyophilized.

Quantity: 0.5 mL upon hydration

Preparation: Reconstitute with 0.5 mL distilled or deionized water.

E. Rat/Mouse Growth Hormone Quality Controls 1 and 2

Rat Growth Hormone, 0.5 mL/vial, lyophilized.

Quantity: 0.5 mL/vial upon hydration

Preparation: Reconstitute with 0.5 mL distilled or deionized water.

F. Assay Buffer

Buffer containing BSA and 0.08% Sodium Azide

Quantity: 40 mL

Preparation: Ready to Use

G. Rat/Mouse Growth Hormone Detection Antibody

Pre-titered Biotinylated anti Growth Hormone Polyclonal Antibody

Quantity: 121 mL

Preparation: Ready to Use

H. Enzyme Solution

Pre-titered Streptavidin-Horseradish Peroxidase Conjugate in Buffer

Quantity: 12 mL

Preparation: Ready to Use

I. Substrate (Light sensitive, avoid unnecessary exposure to light)

3, 3′, 5, 5′-tetramethylbenzidine in buffer

Quantity: 12 mL

Preparation: Ready to Use.

J. Stop Solution (Caution: Corrosive Solution)

0.3 M HCl Quantity: 12 mL

Preparation: Ready to Use

4 STORAGE AND STABILITY

Prior to use, all components in the kit can be stored up to 2 weeks at 2 °C - 8 °C.

For longer storage (> 2 weeks), freeze Wash Buffer, Assay Buffer, and reconstituted Standards and Controls at < -20 °C.

Minimize repeated freeze and thaw of the Growth Hormone Standards and Quality Controls.

Refer to expiration dates on all reagents prior to use.

Do not mix reagents from different kits unless they have the same lot numbers.





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5 REAGENT PRECAUTIONS

A. Sodium Azide

Sodium azide has been added to certain reagents as a preservative. Although the concentrations are low, sodium azide may react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. On disposal, flush with a large volume of water to prevent azide build up.

B. Hydrochloric Acid

Hydrochloric Acid is corrosive and can cause eye and skin burns. It is harmful if swallowed and can cause respiratory and digestive tract burns. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not swallow or ingest.

6 MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- 1. Pipettes and Pipette Tips: $10 \mu L 20 \mu L$ or $20 \mu L 100 \mu L$
- 2. Multi-Channel Pipettes and Pipette Tips: $5 \sim 50 \mu L$ and $50 \sim 300 \mu L$
- 3. Buffer and Reagent Reservoirs
- 4. Vortex Mixer
- 5. Deionized Water
- 6. Microtiter Plate Reader capable of reading absorbency at 450 nm
- 7. Orbital Microtiter Plate Shaker
- 8. Absorbent Paper or Cloth

7 SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE

1. To prepare serum samples, whole blood is directly drawn into a centrifuge tube that contains no anti-coagulant. Let blood clot at room temperature for 30 minutes.

Promptly centrifuge the clotted blood at 2,000 to 3,000 x g for 15 minutes at $4 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C.

Transfer and store serum samples in separate tubes. Date and identify each sample.

Use freshly prepared serum or aliquot and store samples at \Box -20°C for later use. For long-term storage, keep at -70 °C. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

- 2. To prepare plasma samples, whole blood should be collected into centrifuge tubes containing enough K₃EDTA to achieve a final concentration of 1.735 mg/ml and centrifuged immediately after collection. Observe the same precautions in the preparation of serum samples.
- 3. If heparin is to be used as an anticoagulant, the effect on the assay outcome at the dose of heparin used should be predetermined.
- 4. Avoid using samples with gross hemolysis or lipemia.





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8 SAMPLE PREPARATION

- 1. No dilution or preparation is needed for normal serum or plasma samples. In the event that any sample is above 50 ng/mL range, dilutions should be performed using the Assay Buffer provided.
- 2. Tissue extracts or cell culture samples may require dilution. Dilutions should be performed using the Assay Buffer provided.

9 STANDARD AND QUALITY CONTROLS PREPARATION

9.1 Rat/Mouse Growth Hormone Standard Preparation

- 1. Use care in opening the lyophilized Standard vial. Using a pipette, reconstitute the Rat/Mouse Growth Hormone Standard with 0.5 mL distilled or deionized water into the glass vial to give a 50 ng/mL concentration of Standard. Invert and mix gently, let sit for 5 minutes then mix well.
- 2. Label six tubes 16.7, 5.6, 1.9, 0.62, 0.21, and 0.07 ng/mL.
 - Add 100 µL Assay Buffer to each of the six tubes.
 - Prepare 3 times serial dilutions by adding 50 μ L of the 50 ng/mL reconstituted standard to the 16.7 ng/mL tube, mix well and transfer 50 μ L of the 16.7 ng/mL standard to the 5.6 ng/mL tube,
 - mix well and transfer 50 µL of the 5.6 ng/mL standard to the 1.9 ng/mL tube,
 - mix well and transfer 50 µL of the 1.9 ng/mL standard to the 0.62 ng/mL tube,
 - mix well and transfer 50 µL of the 0.62 ng/mL standard to the 0.21 ng/mL tube,
 - mix well and transfer 50 µL of the 0.21 ng/mL standard to the 0.07 ng/mL tube and mix well.

Note: Do not use a Repeater pipette. Change tip for every dilution. Wet tip with Standard before dispensing. Unused portions of standard should be stored at \Box -20°C. Avoid multiple freeze/thaw cycles.

Standard Concentration ng/mL	Volume of Deionized Water to Add	Volume of Standard to Add
50	0.5 mL	0
Standard Concentration ng/mL	Volume of Assay Buffer to Add	Volume of Standard to Add
16.7	100 μL	50 μL of 50 ng/mL
5.6	100 μL	50 μL of 16.7 ng/mL
1.9	100 μL	50 μL of 5.6 ng/mL
0.62	100 μL	50 μL of 1.9 ng/mL
0.21	100 μL	50 μL of 0.62 ng/mL
0.07	100 μL	50 μL of 0.21 ng/mL





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9.2 Rat/Mouse Growth Hormone Quality Control 1 and 2 Preparation

Use care in opening the lyophilized Quality Control vials.

Using a pipette, reconstitute each of the Rat/Mouse Growth Hormone Quality Control 1 and Quality Control 2 with 0.5 mL distilled or deionized water into the glass vials.

Invert and mix gently, let sit for 5 minutes then mix well.

10 ASSAY PROCEDURE

Pre-warm all reagents to room temperature prior to setting up the assay.

- Dilute the 10X concentrated Wash Buffer 10 fold by mixing the entire contents of both buffer bottles with 900 mL deionized or distilled water.
- 2. Remove the required number of strips from the Microtiter Assay Plate. Unused strips should be resealed in the foil pouch and stored at 2-8 °C. Assemble the strips in an empty plate holder and wash from the foil pouch and fill each well with 300 μ L of diluted Wash Buffer.
 - Incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
 - Decant Wash Buffer and remove the residual amount from all wells by inverting the plate and tapping it smartly onto absorbent towels several times. Do not let wells dry before proceeding to the next step. If an automated machine is used for the assay, use a gentle wash program for all washing steps described in this protocol.
- 3. Add in duplicate, 100 µL Assay Buffer to the blank wells.
- 4. Add in duplicate, 90 μL Assay Buffer to Standard wells, QC1, QC2, and sample wells. (See plate well map for suggested well orientation).
- 5. Add in duplicate, 10 μL Rat/Mouse Growth Hormone Standards in the order of ascending concentration to the appropriate wells.
 - Add in duplicate, $10 \mu L$ QC1 and $10 \mu L$ QC2 to the appropriate wells.
 - Add sequentially, 10 µL of the unknown samples in duplicate to the remaining wells.

For best result all additions should be completed within 30 minutes.

- 6. Cover the plate with plate sealer and incubate at room temperature for 1.5 hours on an orbital microtiter plate shaker set to rotate at moderate speed, approximately 400 to 500 rpm.
- 7. Remove plate sealer and decant solutions from the plate. Tap as before to remove residual solutions in the wells.
- 8. Wash wells 3 times with diluted Wash Buffer, 300 μL per well per wash. Decant and tap firmly after each wash to remove residual buffer.
- 9. Add 100 μL Detection Antibody to all wells. Cover the plate with plate sealer and incubate at room temperature for 1 hour on an orbital microtiter plate shaker set to rotate at moderate speed, approximately 400 to 500 rpm.
- 10. Remove plate sealer and decant solutions from the plate. Tap as before to remove residual solutions in the wells.
- 11. Wash wells 3 times with diluted Wash Buffer, 300 µL per well per wash. Decant and tap firmly after each wash to remove residual buffer.
- 12. Add 100 µL Enzyme Solution to each well. Cover plate with sealer and incubate with moderate shaking at room temperature for 30 minutes on the microtiter plate shaker.
- 13. Remove sealer, decant solutions from the plate, and tap plate to remove the residual fluid.





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- 14. Wash wells 3 times with diluted Wash Buffer, 300 µL per well per wash. Decant and tap firmly after each wash to remove residual buffer.
- 15. Add 100 μL of Substrate Solution to each well, cover plate with sealer and shake on the plate shaker for approximately 8 to 15 minutes (A longer development time may be needed if using a plate washer). Blue color should be formed in wells of Growth Hormone standards with intensity proportional to increasing concentrations of Growth Hormone.
 - **Note:** Please be aware that the color may develop more quickly or more slowly than the recommended incubation time depending on the localized room temperature. Please visually monitor the color development to optimize the incubation time. One can monitor color development using a 370 nm filter, if available, on the spectrophotometer. When the absorbance is between 1.2 and 1.8 at 370 nm, the stop solution can be added to terminate the color development.
- 16. Remove sealer and add 100 μL Stop Solution [CAUTION: CORROSIVE SOLUTION] and shake plate by hand to ensure complete mixing of solution in all wells. The blue color should turn to yellow after acidification. Read absorbance at 450 nm and 590 nm in a plate reader within 5 minutes and ensure that there are no air bubbles in any well. Record the difference of absorbance units. The absorbance of the highest Growth Hormone standard should be approximately 2.0 3.2, or not to exceed the capability of the plate reader used.





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Assay Procedure for Rat/Mouse Growth Hormone ELISA kit

Step 16	Read Absorbance at 450 nm and 590 nm.												
Step 16	Stop Solutio	100 Jul											→
Step 15		Seal, Agitate, Incubate 8-15 minutes at Room Temperature.											
Step 15	Substrate	100 Jul	_										→
Step 12-14	Seal, Agitate, Incubate 30 minutes at Room Temperature . Wash 3X with 300 µl Wash Buffer												
Step 12	Enzyme Solution	Enzyme Solution 100 µl											
Step 9-11	Seal, Agitate, Incubate 1 hour at Room Temperature. Remove residual buffer by tapping smartly on absorbent towels. Wash 3X with 300 µl Wash Buffer												
Step 9	Detection Ab 100 100												
Step 6-8		3	rature.						e, Incu		Seal,		
Step 5	Standards/ Controls/ Samples		10 µl of 0.07 ng/mL Standard	10 µl of 0.21 ng/mL Standard	10 µl of 0.62 ng/mL Standard	10 µl of 1.9 ng/mL Standard	10 µl of 5.6 ng/mL Standard	10 µl of 16.7 ng/mL Standard	10 µl of 50 ng/mL Standard	10 µl of QC 1	10 µl of QC 2	10 µl of Sample	10 µl of Sample
Step 3-4	Assay Buffer	100 µl	р 06	р 06	р 06	р 06	р 06	р 06	р 06	р 06	р 06	р 06	lu 06
Step 2	Wash plate with 300 µl Wash Buffer and incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes. Remove residual buffer by tapping smartly on absorbent towels												
Step 1	Dilute both bottles of 10X Wash Buffer with 900 mL Deionized Water.												
	Well #	A1, B1	C1, D1	E1, F1	G1, H1	A2, B2	C2, D2	E2, F2	G2, H2	A3, B3	C3, D3	E3, F3	G3, H3 ↓





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11 MICROTITER PLATE ARRANGEMENT

Rat/Mouse Growth Hormone ELISA

12								
1								
10								
6								
&								
7								
9								
v								
4	Sa mpl e 3	Sa mpl e 3	etc.					
ю	QC 1	QC 1	QC 2	QC 2	Sa mpl e 1	Sa mpl e 1	Sa mpl e 2	Sa mpl e 2
2	1.9 ng/ mL	1.9 ng/ mL	5.6 ng/ mL	5.6 ng/ mL	16. 7 ng/ mL	16. 7 ng/ mL	50 ng/ mL	50 ng/ mL
1	Bla nk	Bla nk	0.0 7 ng/ mL	0.0 7 ng/ mL	0.2 1 ng/ mL	0.2 1 ng/ mL	0.6 2 ng/ mL	0.6 2 ng/ mL
	A	В	C	D		T	9	Н

12 CALCULATIONS

The dose-response curve of this assay fits best to a 5-parameter logistic equation. The results of unknown samples can be calculated with any computer program having a 5-parameter logistic function.





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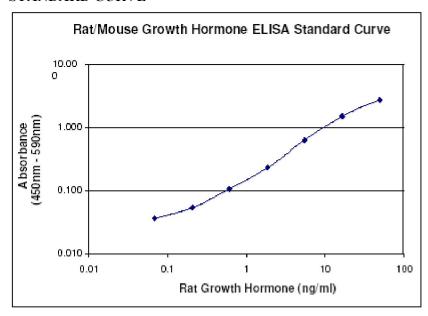
Note: When sample volumes assayed differ from 10 μ L, an appropriate mathematical adjustment must be made to accommodate for the dilution factor (e.g., if 5 μ L of sample is used, then calculated data must be multiplied by 2). When sample volume assayed is less than 10 μ L, compensate the volume deficit with Assay Buffer.

13 INTERPRETATION

A. Acceptance Criteria

- 1. The assay will be considered accepted when all Quality Control values fall within the calculated Quality Control Range. If any QC's fall outside the control range, review results with a supervisor.
- 2. If the difference between duplicate results of a sample is >10% CV, repeat the sample.
- 3. The limit of sensitivity of this assay is 0.07 ng/mL Rat/Mouse Growth Hormone (10 µL sample size).
- 4. The appropriate range of this assay is 0.07 ng/mL to 50 ng/mL Rat/Mouse Growth Hormone (10 μ L sample size). Any result greater than 50 ng/mL in a 10 μ L sample should be diluted using Assay Buffer, and the assay repeated until the results fall within range. Tissue extracts or cell culture media samples greater than 50 ng/mL in a 10 μ L sample should be diluted in Assay Buffer.

14 STANDARD CURVE



Typical Standard Curve, not to be used to calculate results





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15 ASSAY CHARACTERISTICS

15.1 Sensitivity

The lowest level of Rat/Mouse Growth Hormone that can be detected by this assay is 0.07 ng/mL when using a $10~\mu L$ sample size.

15.2 Specificity

Rat Growth Hormone	100%
Rat ACTH	n.d.
Rat TSH	n.d.
Rat FSH	n.d.
Rat LH	n.d.
Rat Proclactin	n.d.
Rat BDNF	n.d.
Human Growth Hormone	n.d.

n.d. = Not Detectable

May cross react with hamster, canine, and primate growth hormone.

15.3 Precision

Intra-Assay Variation

Sample No	Mean GH Levels (ng/mL)	Intra-Assay % CV
1	4.1	2.3
2	2.7	4.3
3	2.6	2.1
4	6.1	1.7

Inter-Assay Variation

Sample No.	Mean GH Levels (ng/mL)	Inter-Assay % CV
1	11	4.5
2	5.6	3.2
3	5.2	4.9





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The assay variations of Rat/Mouse Growth Hormone ELISA kits were studied on four rat serum samples with varying concentrations of endogenous Growth Hormone. The mean intra-assay variation was calculated from results of six duplicate determinations in each assay of the indicated samples. The mean inter-assay variation of each sample was calculated from results of four separate assays with duplicate samples in each assay.

15.4 RecoverySpike & Recovery of Rat Growth Hormone in Rat Serum Samples

Sample No.	GH Added (ng/mL)	Expected (ng/mL)	Observed (ng/mL)	% of Recovery
1	0	1.74	174	100
	3.125	4.865	4.79	98
	6.25	7.99	7.82	98
	12.5	14.24	13.91	98
2	0	3.13	3.13	100
	3.125	6.255	6.13	98
	6.25	9.38	9.15	98
	12.5	15.63	15.78	101
3	0	2.42	2.42	100
	3.125	5.545	5.35	96
	6.25	8.67	8.39	97
	12.5	14.92	14.92	100

Varying amounts of Rat Growth Hormone were added to three rat serum samples and the Growth Hormone content was determined. The % of recovery = observed Growth Hormone concentrations/expected Growth Hormone concentrations x 100%.





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15.5 Linearity

Effect of Serum Dilution

Sample No.	Volume Sampled (µL)	Expected (ng/mL)	Observed (ng/mL)	% Of Expected
1	10	20	20	100
	7.5	15	15.5	103
	5	10	11.2	112
	2.5	5	5.9	118
2	10	4.8	4.8	100
	7.5	3.6	3.6	100
	5	2.4	2.5	104
	2.5	1.2	1.3	108
3	10	3.9	3.9	100
	7.5	2.9	2.8	97
	5	1.95	1.97	101
	2.5	.98	1.0	102

Three rat serum samples with the indicated sample volumes were assayed. Required amounts of matrix were added to compensate for lost volumes below $10 \mu L$.

The resulting dilution factors of 1.0, 1.3, 2.0, and 4.0 representing 10 μ L, 7.5 μ L, 5 μ L, and 2.5 μ L sample volumes assayed, respectively, were applied in the calculation of observed Growth Hormone concentrations. % expected = observed/expected x 100%.

16 QUALITY CONTROLS

The ranges for Quality Control 1 and 2 are provided on the card insert

17 TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

- 1. To obtain reliable and reproducible results the operator should carefully read this manual and fully understand all aspects of each assay step before attempting to run the assay.
- 2. Throughout the assay the operator should adhere strictly to the procedures with good laboratory practice.
- 3. Have all necessary reagents and equipment ready on hand before starting. Once the assay has been started all steps should be completed with precise timing and without interruption.
- 4. Avoid cross contamination of any reagents or samples to be used in the assay.
- 5. Make sure all reagents and samples are added to the bottom of each well.
- 6. Careful and complete mixing of solutions in the well is critical. Poor assay precision will result from incomplete mixing or cross well contamination due to inappropriate mixing.





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- 7. Remove any air bubble formed in the well after acidification of substrate solution because bubbles interfere with spectrophotometric readings.
- 8. Do not let the absorbency reading of the highest standard reach 3.2 units or higher after acidification.
- 9. High absorbance in background or blank wells could be due to 1) cross well contamination by standard solution or sample or 2) inadequate washing of wells with Wash Buffer or 3) overexposure to light after substrate has been added.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Conditions of Sale

All products are for research or manufacturing use only. They are not intended for use in clinical diagnosis or for administration to human or animals. All products are intended for in vitro use only.

Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)

Material safety data sheets for DRG products are available upon request.