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Please use only the valid version of the package insert provided with the kit.

INTENDED USE

This kit is for non-radioactive quantification of Human Amylin in plasma.

The capture antibody requires an intact disulfide bond between positions 2 and 7 of the peptide. One kit is sufficient to measure 38 unknown samples in duplicate.

This kit is for research purposes only.

PRINCIPLES OF PROCEDURE

The Human Amylin ELISA is a monoclonal antibody-based sandwich immunoassay for determining amylin levels in human plasma. The capture antibody recognizes Human Amylin, Amylin Acid (deamidated amylin), a 1-20 fragment of amylin, but not reduced amylin. The detection antibody binds to reduced or unreduced Human Amylin but not Amylin Acid and is complexed with Streptavidin-Alkaline Phosphatase. The substrate, 4-Methylumbelliferyl Phosphate (MUP), is applied to the completed sandwich and the fluorescent signal, monitored at 355 nm/460 nm, is proportional to the amount of amylin present in the sample.

REAGENTS SUPPLIED

Each kit is sufficient to run one 96-well microtiter plate and contains the following reagents:

A. Human Amylin ELISA Plate

Coated with Mouse anti-Human Amylin Antibody

Quantity: 1 plate

Preparation: Ready to use

B. Adhesive Plate Sealer

Quantity: 1 Sheet

Preparation: Ready to use





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C. 10X TBS Wash Buffer Concentrate

10X concentrate of 50 mM Tris Buffered Saline with Tween 20 and Sodium Azide

Quantity: 50 mL

Preparation: Dilute 1:10 with deionized water

D. Human Amylin Standard

Human Amylin in Assay Buffer: 100 pM

Quantity: Lyophilized, 1 ml/vial rehydrated

Preparation: Reconstitute with 1 ml deionized water

E. ELISA Amylin Quality Controls 1 and 2

Human Amylin in Assay Buffer.

Quantity: Lyophilized, 250 µL /vial rehydrated

Preparation: Reconstitute with 250 µL deionized water

F. Assay Buffer

0.05M PBS, pH 7.4, containing Proprietary Protease Inhibitors, with Tween 20, 0.08% Sodium Azide and 1% BSA

Quantity: 12 mL

Preparation: Ready to use

G. Human Amylin Detection Conjugate

Anti-Human Amylin-Alkaline Phosphatase Conjugate

Quantity: 11 mL

Preparation: Ready to use





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- H. Substrate (Light sensitive, avoid unnecessary exposure to light)
- 4-Methylumbelliferyl Phosphate

Quantity: 10 mg

<u>Preparation</u>: Hydrate in 1 mL deionized water just before use. Use at 1:200 dilution in substrate diluent (e.g. 105 μL hydrated substrate in 21 mL substrate diluent).

I. Substrate Diluent (Light sensitive, avoid unnecessary exposure to light)

Quantity: 21 mL

<u>Preparation</u>: Ready to use, warm to room temperature before use.

J. Stop Solution

Quantity: 6 mL

<u>Preparation</u>: Bring to room temperature before use. Mix thoroughly to ensure no precipitate remains.

STORAGE AND STABILITY

Upon receipt, all components of the kit should be stored at 2-8°C. Do not mix reagents from different kits unless they have the same lot numbers.

REAGENT PRECAUTIONS

A. Diethanolamine

Substrate diluent contains diethanolamine. This compound can be harmful through ingestion, inhalation, and skin contact. May be irritating to eyes and skin. If skin/eye contact occurs flush thoroughly with water.

B. Sodium Azide

Sodium Azide has been added to reagents as a preservative at a concentration of 0.08%. Although it is at a minimum concentration, Sodium Azide may react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. On disposal, flush with a large volume of water to prevent azide build up.





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MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

Pipet with Tips, $10 \mu L - 200 \mu L$

Multi-Channel Pipette, 50 μL - 300 μL

Buffer and Reagent Reservoirs

Vortex Mixer

Absorbent Paper or Cloth

Refrigerator

Deionized Water

Orbital Microtiter Plate Shaker

Fluorescence Plate Reader

SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE

For plasma collection, collect whole blood in ice-cooled Vacutainer® EDTA-plasma tubes. Centrifuge immediately at 1000 xg for 10 minutes in refrigerated centrifuge or place tubes on ice and centrifuge within one hour.

Specimens should be stored at less than or equal to < -70°C. Aliquot samples before freezing if necessary.

Avoid using samples with gross hemolysis or lipemia.

STANDARD AND QUALITY CONTROLS PREPARATION

Human Amylin Standard Preparation

Use care in opening the lyophilized Standard vial. Using a pipette, reconstitute the Human Amylin Standard with 1.0 mL distilled or deionized water into the glass vial to give a 100 pM concentration of Standard. Invert and mix gently, let sit for 5 minutes then vortex gently.

Label six tubes 50, 25, 12.5, 6.25, 3.125, 1.56 pM.

Add 0.5 mL Assay Buffer (Sample Diluent) to each of the six tubes.

Prepare serial dilutions by adding 0.5 mL of the 100 pM reconstituted standard to the 50 pM tube, mix well and transfer 0.5 mL of the 50 pM reconstituted standard to the 25 pM, mix well and transfer 0.5 mL of the 25 pM Standard to the 12.5 pM tube, mix well and transfer 0.5 mL of the 12.5 pM Standard to the 6.25 pM tube, mix well and transfer 0.5 mL of the 6.25 pM Standard to the 3.125 pM tube, mix well and transfer 0.5 mL of the 3.125 pM Standard to the 1.56 pM tube, mix well.





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Note:

Do not use a Repeater pipette. Change tip for every dilution. Wet tip with Standard before dispensing. Unused portions of standard should be stored at \leq -20°C. Avoid multiple freeze/thaw cycles.

Standard Concentration	Volume of Deionized Water	Volume of Standard
pM	to Add	to Add
100	1,0 mL	
Standard Concentration pM	Volume of Assay Buffer (Samples Diluent) to Add	Volume of Standard to Add
50	0,5 mL	0,5 mL of 100 pM
25	0,5 mL	0,5 mL of 50 pM
12,5	0,5 mL	0,5 mL of 25 pM
6,25	0,5 mL	0,5 mL of 12,5 pM
3,125	0,5 mL	0,5 mL of 6,25 pM
1,56	0,5 mL	0,5 mL of 3,125 pM

Human Amylin Quality Control 1 and 2 Preparation

Use care in opening the lyophilized Quality Control vials. Using a pipette, reconstitute each of the Human Amylin Quality Control 1 and Quality Control 2 with 0.25 mL distilled or deionized water into the glass vials. Invert and mix gently, let sit for 5 minutes then mix well.

ASSAY PROCEDURE

The assay should be run in duplicate using 50 µL Assay Buffer and 50 µL of Standard, Control, or Sample in each well.

Dilute the concentrated Wash Buffer 10 fold by mixing the entire contents of the 10X Wash Buffer with 450 mL deionized water.





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Remove the microtiter assay plate from the foil pouch and fill each well with 300 μ L of diluted TBS Wash Buffer. Incubate at room temperature for 10 minutes, no shaking.

Decant Wash Buffer from the plate and remove the residual amount from all wells by inverting the plate and tapping it smartly onto absorbent towels several times. Do not let wells dry before proceeding to the next step.

Add 50 µL Assay Buffer to each well.

Add in duplicates; $50~\mu L$ Assay Buffer to reference tubes, $50~\mu l$ Standards, Samples and Controls. Refer to Section 9 for suggested well orientations. Seal plate and incubate at room temperature on the shaker for one hour. (NOTE: Start incubation time as plate is loaded on the shaker, not from the time you start loading the plate with samples.) Decant and remove the residual amount from all wells by inverting the plate and tapping it smartly onto absorbent towels several times.

Wash the plate 3 times with 300 µL per well Wash Buffer. Decant and tap after each wash to remove residual buffer.

Add 100 µL Detection Conjugate to each well. Cover the plate with sealer and incubate on the shaker at room temperature for 2 hours.

Near the completion of this incubation step, hydrate the Substrate (ESS-MUP) by adding 1 mL deionized water to 10 mg, mix well, and let stand 15 minutes (with occasional mixing) to assure complete dissolution. Remove 105 μ L from the reconstituted substrate and add it to the 21 mL vial of Substrate Diluent (EDD-MUP), mix well. Referred to as Substrate Solution from here on.

Decant Detection Conjugate and remove the residual amount from all wells by inverting the plate and tapping it smartly onto absorbent towels several times.

Wash the plate 3 times with 300 µL per well Wash Buffer. Decant and tap after each wash to remove residual buffer.

Add 100 µL Substrate Solution to each well. Incubate 15 minutes at room temperature in the dark, no shaking.

Read plate on a fluorescent plate reader with an excitation/emission wavelength of 355 nm/460 nm. Note the RFU of the top standard point; when the reading is 2000 RFU or greater, add 50 μ L Stop Solution (ET-AP), gently mix, and read on the Fluorescence Plate reader after 5 minutes.





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MICROTITER PLATE ARRANGEMENT

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	0рМ	0 pM	1,56 pM	1,56 pM	3,125 pM	3,125 pM	6,25 pM	6,25 pM	12,5 pM	12,5 pM	25 pM	25 pM
В	50 pM	50 pM	100pM	100pM	QC 1	QC 1	QC 2	QC 2	Sample 1	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 2
С	Etc.											
D												
Е												
F												
G												
Н												

CALCULATIONS

The RFU can be fitted directly to the concentration. If curve fitting software is available, the best fit can be obtained with a linear-linear spline fit.

Since this assay is a direct ELISA, the RFU is directly proportional to the concentration of Human Amylin in the sample.

Note: When sample volumes assayed differ from 50 μ L, an appropriate mathematical adjustment must be made to accommodate for the dilution factor (e.g., if 25 μ L of sample is used, then calculated data must be multiplied by 2).

ASSAY CHARACTERISTICS

Sensitivity

The lowest level of Human Amylin that can be detected by this assay is 1 pM (50 µL plasma sample size).





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Performance

ED $_{80} = 84 \pm 2 \text{ pM}$

ED $_{50} = 60 \pm 4 \text{ pM}$

ED $_{20} = 32 \pm 3 \text{ pM}$

Crossreactivity

Human Glucagon <1%

Human GLP-1 <1%

Human Insulin <1%

Human Pancreatic Polypeptide <1%

Human Adrenomedullin 1%

Human Calcitonin <1%

Calcitonin Gene Related Peptide <1%

Note: This kit is suitable for the measurement of Amylin in rat and feline plasma; however, the precise percent of cross-reactivity is not determined at this time.





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Precision

Within and Between Assay Variation

Sample	Amylin Added	Within	Between
No.	pM	% CV	% CV
1	20	1,8	5,9
	50	1,6	6
	80	1,2	3,7
2	20	2,2	4,9
	50	1,2	6,1
	80	1,9	3,7
3	20	1,7	4,6
	50	3,4	6,9
	80	1,9	4,8

The assay variation of Human Amylin ELISA kits were studied at three different spiked concentrations of Amylin in three different Human Plasma samples. The within variation is the mean from four duplicate determinations in a single assay. The between variation is the mean value of the mean of four duplicate determinations in each plasma across six assays.





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Recovery

Spike & Recovery of Human Amylin in Human Plasma

Sample #	Sample Concentration (pM)	Amylin Added (pM)	% of Recovery
1	6,14	20	92
		50	93
		80	94
2	5,75	20	97
		50	96
		80	96
3	6,85	20	99
		50	99
		80	97

Varying concentrations of Human Amylin were added to three Human Plasma samples and the amylin content was determined in six different ELISA assays. The % of Recovery = observed amylin concentration/expected amylin concentration x 100%.





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Linearity

Effect of Plasma Dilution

Sample	Volume	Expected	Observed	% Of
No.	Sampled	pM	pM	Expected
1	50 μL	27,9	27,9	100
	40 μL		27,2	97
	25 μL		30,7	110
	10 μL		33,1	118
2	50 μL	16,6	16,6	100
	40 μL		16,9	102
	25 μL		16,1	97
	10 μL		10,7	64
3	50 μL	33,4	33,3	100
	40 μL		32,6	98
	25 μL		25,2	76
	10 μL		22,6	68

Three Human Plasma samples with the indicated sample volumes were assayed in six different assays. Required amount of Assay Buffer was added to compensate for lost volumes below 50 μ L.

The resulting dilution factors of 1.0, 1.25, 2.0, and 5.0 representing 50 μ L, 40 μ L, 25 μ L, and 10 μ L sample volumes assayed, respectively, were applied in the calculation of observed amylin concentrations.





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% expected = observed/expected x 100%.

QUALITY CONTROLS

The ranges for Quality Control 1 and 2 are provided on the card insert.

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Low or No Signal with Standards

Insufficient time for reaction with substrate. Allow substrate to react longer.

Kit reagents have expired.

Inadequate plate washing after sample incubation.

Too much washing after conjugate incubation can reduce signal.

High Background

Inadequate plate washing. After conjugate incubation, tap out plate on absorbent towels after decanting.

Plate was not kept in dark after substrate addition.

Cross contamination between neighboring wells.

Substrate has been diluted too long or exposed to light before use, or diluent has been contaminated with old substrate.

Samples too High

Dilute sample with Assay Buffer to bring Human Amylin concentration within standard range.

Signal too High on Highest Standard

Plate incubated too long with substrate. Discard substrate, wash plate once and add freshly prepared substrate. Check RFU in less time.





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High Variance in RFU of Duplicates

Cross contamination in wells.

Bubbles in substrate at time of reading.

Loss of reagent or faulty pipetting in duplicates.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Conditions of Sale

All products are for research or manufacturing use only. They are not intended for use in clinical diagnosis or for administration to human or animals. All products are intended for *in vitro* use only.

Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)

Material safety data sheets may be ordered by fax or phone.

REFERENCES / Literature

Tijsen P. "Practice and Theory of Enzyme Immunoassays" in Burdon RH and Knippenberg PH (Ed.), Laboratory Techniques in Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. Amsterdam/NY: Elsevier, 1985

Christopoulos TK and Diamandis EP. "Fluorescence Immunoassays" in Diamandis EP and Christopoulos TK (Ed.), Immunoassay. Academic Press, 1996

Percy A, Rittenhouse J, Trainor D, Phelps J, and Koda J.: Development of Sensitive Immunoassays to Detect Amylin and Amylin-Like Peptides in Untreated Plasma. Clinical Chemistry 42:4, pp 576-585

Phelps, et al., "Development and Characterization of Monoclonal Antibodies Specific for Amylin" Hybridoma. Vol 15 No 5, pp 379-386





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Symbols used with DRG Assays

Symbol	English	Deutsch	Français	Español	Italiano
(i)	Consult instructions for use	Gebrauchsanweisung beachten	Consulter les instructions d'utilisation	Consulte las instrucciones de uso	Consultare le istruzioni per l'uso
(€	European Conformity	CE-Konfirmitäts- kennzeichnung	Conformité aux normes européennes	Conformidad europea	Conformità europea
IVD	In vitro diagnostic device	In-vitro-Diagnostikum	Usage Diagnostic in vitro	Para uso Diagnóstico in vitro	Per uso Diagnostica in vitro
RUO	For research use only	Nur für Forschungszwecke	Seulement dans le cadre de recherches	Sólo para uso en investigación	Solo a scopo di ricerca
REF	Catalogue number	Katalog-Nr.	Numéro de catalogue	Número de catálogo	Numero di Catalogo
LOT	Lot. No. / Batch code	Chargen-Nr.	Numéro de lot	Número de lote	Numero di lotto
\sum	Contains sufficient for <n> tests/</n>	Ausreichend für "n" Ansätze	Contenu suffisant pour "n" tests	Contenido suficiente para <n> ensayos</n>	Contenuto sufficiente per "n" saggi
1	Storage Temperature	Lagerungstemperatur	Température de conservation	Temperatura de conservación	Temperatura di conservazione
	Expiration Date	Mindesthaltbarkeits-datum	Date limite d'utilisation	Fecha de caducidad	Data di scadenza
***	Legal Manufacturer	Hersteller	Fabricant	Fabricante	Fabbricante
Distributed by	Distributor	Vertreiber	Distributeur	Distribuidor	Distributore
Content	Content	Inhalt	Conditionnement	Contenido	Contenuto
Volume/No.	Volume / No.	Volumen/Anzahl	Volume/Quantité	Volumen/Número	Volume/Quantità

Symbol	Portugues	Dansk	Svenska	Ελληνικά
(i)	Consulte as instruções de utilização	Se brugsanvisning	Se bruksanvisningen	Εγχειοίδιο χοήστη
((Conformidade com as normas europeias	Europaeisk overensstemmelse	Europeisk överensstämmelse	Ευρωπαϊκή Συμμόρφωση
IVD	Diagnóstico in vitro	In vitro diagnostik	Diagnostik in vitro	in vitro διαγνωστικό
RUO				
REF	Catálogo n.º	Katalognummer	Katalog nummer	Αριθμός καταλόγου
LOT	No do lote	Lot nummer	Batch-nummer	Αριθμός Παρτίδος
\sum		Indeholder tilsttrækkeligt til "n" test	Innehåller tillräckligt till "n" tester	Περιεχόμενο επαρχές για «n» εξετάσεις
1	Temperatura de conservação	Opbevarings-temperatur	Förvaringstempratur	Θερμοκρασία αποθήκευσης
	Prazo de validade	Udløbsdato	Bäst före datum	Ημερομηνία λήξης
M	Fabricante	Producent	Tillverkare	Κατασκευαστής
Distributed by				
Content	Conteúdo	Indhold	Innehåll	Περιεχόμενο
Volume/No.	Volume/Número	Volumen/antal	Volym/antal	Όγκος/αριθ





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