Instructions Code No. 27734

Code No. 27734 Human sAPPα (highly sensitive) Assay Kit - IBL

INTRODUCTION

Alzheimer's disease (AD) was first reported by A. Alzheimer, a German neuropathologist in 1907 and is considered as a major factor of dementia. It is known that Amyloid β (A β ; which is major constituent of senile plaque) is cleaved from Amyloid Precursor Protein (APP; which exists in three main isoforms, APP695, APP751, and APP770) by β -secretase and subsequent γ -secretase (ref. 1). The production of soluble APP β (sAPP β) by β -secretase cleavage corresponds to A β production accordingly, so it is desired to measure sAPP β in parallel with A β . In addition, it is reported that APP gene mutation exists in early-onset familial Alzheimer's disease patient. Swedish mutation, one of the APP gene mutations, is a double mutation at positions -1 to -2 from the β -secretase cleavage site (Lys670 \rightarrow Asn and Met671 \rightarrow Leu). And further, it is reported that Swedish mutation elevates A β 40 and A β 42 production (ref. 2), and that the mutation is utilized in establishment of transgenic mice (ref. 3). The measuring sAPP β in Swedish type is useful for research of AD as well as in wild type. On the one hand, it is considered that in the metabolic pathway of APP, APP is first cleaved by α -secretase rather than β -secretase normally to produce soluble APP α (sAPP α) and subsequently P3 is cleaved from the remaining C-terminal fragment by γ -secretase. In recent research, there are several attempts to apply the inhibitor of β -secretase and the activation of α-secretase for AD treatment.

This kit can measure human sAPPα in samples .

PRINCIPLE

This kit is a solid phase sandwich ELISA using 2 kinds of high specific antibodies. Tetra Methyl Benzidine (TMB) is used as a coloring agent (Chromogen). The strength of coloring is proportional to the quantities of Human $sAPP\alpha$.

MEASUREMENT RANGE

0.78 - 50 ng/mL

INTENDED USE

- This IBL's assay kit is capable for the quantitative determination human sAPP α in serum, EDTA plasma, cerebrospinal fluids and cell culture supernatant.
- To get a rough idea for serum or EDTA-plasma samples, 4 8 fold dilution is recommended.
- The recommended dilution for cerebrospinal fluids is more than 4-fold.
- When the culture media samples contain serum like FCS, cross-reaction may be observed. So we recommend you to set the negative medium control.

KIT COMPONENT

1	Precoated plate : A	nti-Human sAPPα (2B3) Mouse IgG MoAb Affinity Purify	96Well x 1
2	Labeled antibody Co	nc.	
	: (30X) HRP conjugated An	iti-Human APP (R101A4) Mouse IgG MoAb Fab' Affinity Purify	0.4mL x 1
3	Standard : Recomb	pinant human sAPPα protein	0.5mL x 2
4	EIA buffer :		30mL x 1
5	Solution for Labeled	antibody: 1% BSA, 0.05% Tween20 in PBS	12mL x 1
6	Chromogen	: TMB solution	15mL x 1
7	Stop solution	: 1N H ₂ SO ₄	12mL x 1
8	Wash buffer Conc.	: (40X) 0.05% Tween20 in phosphate buffer	50mL x 1

OPERATION MANUAL

1. Materials needed but not supplied

- · Plate reader (450nm) · Graduated cylinder and beaker
- · Refrigerator (as 4°C)
- · Paper towel
- · Deionized water · Graph paper (log/log) · Tube for dilution of Standard

· Micropipette and tip

- · Washing bottle for precoated plate

2. Preparation

- Preparation of wash buffer
 "8, Wash buffer Conc." is a concentrated (40X) buffer. Adjust the temperature of "8, Washing buffer Conc." to room temperature and then, mix it gently and completely before use. Dilute 50 mL of "8, Wash buffer Conc." with 1,950 mL of deionized water and mix it. This is the wash buffer for use. This prepared wash buffer shall be stored in refrigerator and used within 2 weeks after dilution.
- - Preparation of Labeled antibody
 "2, Labeled antibody Conc." is a concentrated (30X). Dilute "2, Labeled antibody Conc." with "5, Solution for Labeled antibody" in 30 times according to required quantity into a disposable test tube. Use this resulting solution as Labeled antibody.

Example)

In case you use one strip (8 well), the required quantity of Labeled antibody is 800 μ L. (Dilute 30 μ L of "2, Labeled antibody Conc." with 870 μ L of "5, Solution for Labeled antibody" and mix it. And use the resulting solution by 100 µL in each well.)

This operation should be done just before the application of Labeled

The remaining "2, Labeled antibody Conc." should be stored at 4°C in firmly sealed vial.

Preparation of Standard

Put just $0.5\ \underline{m}$ of deionized water into the vial of "3, Standard" and mix it gently and completely. This solution is 100 ng/mL Human sAPP α standard.

Prepare 8 tubes for dilution of "3. Standard". Put 230 uL each of "4. EIA

buffer" into the tube. Specify the following concentration of each tube.

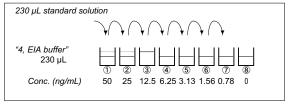
Tube-1

50 ng/mL

Tube-2	25 ng/mL	
Tube-3	12.5 ng/mL	
Tube-4	6.25 ng/mL	
Tube-5	3.13 ng/mL	
Tube-6	1.56 ng/mL	
Tube-7	0.78 ng/mL	
Tube-8	0 ng/mL	(Test Sample Blank

Put 230 μL of Standard solution into tube-1 and mix it gently. Then, put 230 μL of tube-1 mixture into tube-2. Dilute two times standard solution in series to set up 7 points of diluted standard between 50 ng/mL and 0.78 ng/mL. Tube-8 is the test sample blank as 0 ng/mL

See following picture.



5) Dilution of test sample

Test samples need to be diluted with "4, EIA buffer" attached with this kit accordingly.

If the concentration of Human sAPP α in samples may not be estimated in advance, the pre-assay with several different dilutions will be recommended to determine the proper dilution of samples.

3. Measurement procedure

All reagents shall be brought to room temperature approximately 30 minutes before use. Then mix it gently and completely before use. Make sure of no change in quality of the reagents. Standard curve shall be prepared simultaneously with the measurement of test samples

	Test Sample	Standard	Test Sample Blank	Reagent Blank	
Reagents	Test sample 100 μL	Diluted standard (Tube 1~7) 100 μL	EIA buffer (Tube-8) 100 μL	EIA buffer 100 μL	
	Incubation of	overnight at 4 °C	with plate lid		
		Washing 7 times	3		
Labeled Antibody	100 μL	100 μL	100 μL	-	
	Incubation for 30 minutes at 4 °C with plate lid				
	Washing 9 times				
Chromogen	100 µL	100 µL	100 μL	100 µL	
Incubation for 30 minutes at room temperature (shielded)					
Stop solution	100 μL	100 µL	100 µL	100 µL	
Read the plate at 450nm against a Reagent Blank within 30 minutes after addition of Stop solution.					

- 1) Determine wells for reagent blank. Put 100 µL each of "4, EIA buffer" into the
- Determine wells for test sample blank, test sample and diluted standard

- wasn each well of the precoated plate vigorously with wash buffer and leave the precoated plate laid for 15-30 seconds. Remove wash buffer completely from the precoated plate by snapping. This procedure must be repeated more than 7 times. Then, remove the remaining liquid from all wells completely by snapping the precoated plate onto paper towel.
 - In case of using a plate washer, after 4 times washing with plate washer, washing with above washing bottle must be repeated 3 times.

 Pipette 100 µL of labeled antibody solution into the wells of test samples, diluted standard and test sample blank.
- Incubate the precoated plate for 30 minutes at 4 °C after covering it with plate
- Wash the precoated plate 9 times in the same manner as 4). Take the required quantity of "6, Chromogen" into a disposable test tube. Then, pipette 100 µL from the test tube into the wells. Please do not return the rest of the test tube to "6, Chromogen" bottle to avoid contamination. Incubate the precoated plate for 30 minutes at room temperature in the dark.
- The liquid will turn blue by addition of "6, Chromogen". Pipette 100 μ L of "7, Stop solution" into the wells. Mix the liquid by tapping the side of precoated plate. The liquid will turn yellow by addition of "7, Stop
- Remove any dirt or drop of water on the bottom of the precoated plate and confirm there is no bubble on the surface of the liquid. Then, run the plate reader and conduct measurement at 450 nm against a reagent blank. The measurement shall be done within 30 minutes after addition of "7, Stop solution"

SPECIAL ATTENTION

Test samples should be measured soon after collection. For the storage of test samples, store them frozen and do not repeat freeze/thaw cycles. Thaw



the test samples at a low temperature and mix them completely before measurement

- Test samples should be diluted with "4, EIA buffer", if the need arises
- Duplicate measurement of test samples and standard is recommended
- 4) Use test samples in neutral pH range. The contaminations of organic solvent may affect the measurement.
- Use only wash buffer contained in this kit for washing the precoated plate Insufficient washing may lead to the failure in measurement. Remove the wash buffer completely by tapping the precoated plate on paper
- 6) towel. Do not wipe wells with paper towel.

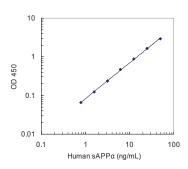
 "6, Chromogen" should be stored in the dark due to its sensitivity against light.
- 7) 6, Chromogen" should be avoided contact with metals
- Measurement should be done within 30 minutes after addition of "7, Stop solution".

CALCULATION OF TEST RESULT

Subtract the absorbance of test sample blank from all data, including standards and unknown samples before plotting. Plot the subtracted absorbance of the standards against the standard concentration on log-log graph paper. Draw the best smooth curve through these points to construct the standard curve. Read the concentration for unknown samples from the standard curve.

Example of standard curve

Conc. (ng/mL)	Absorbance (450nm)
50	2.951
25	1.720
12.5	0.948
6.25	0.534
3.13	0.296
1.56	0.180
0.78	0.124
0 (Test Sample Blank)	0.058



The typical standard curve is shown above. This curve can not be used to derive test results. Please run a standard curve for each assay

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

1. Titer Assay (Samples with standard added are used.)

Specimen	Titer (X)	Measurement Value (ng/mL)	Theoretical Value (ng/mL)	%
10 % FCS	2	28.40	26.21	108.4
added	4	14.17	13.15	107.8
RPMI-1640	8	6.68	6.54	102.1
	4	12.13	15.56	78.0
Human Serum	8	6.65	7.75	85.8
	16	3.46	3.82	90.6
	4	13.69	15.28	89.6
Human Plasma (EDTA)	8	7.55	7.58	99.6
,	16	4.10	3.90	105.1
Human	2	39.32	33.04	119.0
Cerebrospinal	4	19.50	16.14	120.8
fluids	8	8.91	7.82	113.9

2. Added Recovery Assay

Specimen	Theoretical Value (ng/mL)	Measurement Value (ng/mL)	%
40.0/ 500 11 1	26.13	28.73	110.0
10 % FCS added RPMI-1640 (x2)	13.63	13.19	96.8
14 Wil 1010 (XZ)	7.38	6.99	94.7
	9.45	8.41	89.0
Human Serum (x4)	6.33	5.87	92.7
(***)	4.76	4.25	89.3
	27.99	27.59	98.6
Human Plasma (EDTA) (x4)	15.49	13.58	87.7
(==, ()	9.24	7.89	85.4
	9.93	10.82	109.0
Human Cerebrospinal fluids (x4)	6.80	7.35	108.1
nuius (X4)	5.24	5.32	101.5

3. Intra - Assay

Measurement Value (ng/mL)	SD value	CV value (%)	n
22.74	1.34	5.9	21
7.75	0.57	7.4	21
2.71	0.20	7.4	21

4. Inter - Assav

Measurement Value (ng/mL)	SD value	CV value (%)	n
20.72	1.39	6.7	5
6.91	0.78	11.3	5
2.52	0.32	12.7	5

5. Specificity

Compound	Cross Reactivity
Human sAPPα	100 %
Human sAPPβ-wild type	≦ 0.1 %
Human sAPPβ-swedish type	≦ 0.1 %

6. Sensitivity

The sensitivity for this kit was determined using the guidelines under the National Committee for Clinical Laboratory Standards (NCCLS) Evaluation Protocols. (National Committee for Clinical Laboratory Standards Evaluation Protocols, SC1, (1989) Villanova, PA: NCCLS.)

PRECAUTION FOR INTENDED USE AND/OR HANDLING

- All reagents should be stored at 2 8°C. All reagents shall be brought to room temperature approximately 30 minutes before use
- "3, Standard" is lyophilized products. Be careful to open this vial.

 "7, Stop solution" is a strong acid substance. Therefore, be careful not to have your skin and clothes contact "7, Stop solution" and pay attention to the disposal of "7, Stop solution".
- Dispose used materials after rinsing them with large quantity of water.

 Precipitation may occur in "2, Labeled antibody Conc.", however, there is no
- problem in the performance. Wash hands after handling reagents.
- Do not mix the reagents with the reagents from a different lot or kit. Do not use expired reagents.
- This kit is for research purpose only. Do not use for clinical diagnosis.

STORAGE AND THE TERM OF VALIDITY Storage Condition : 2 - 8°C

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Storage Condition & : 2-8^{\circ}C \\ The expiry date is specified on outer box. \\ \end{tabular}$

REFERENCE

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 3. Hsiao K, Chapman P, Nilsen S, Eckman C, Harigaya Y, Younkin S, Yang F, Cole G. Correlative memory deficits, Abeta elevation, and amyloid plaques in transgenic mice. Science. 1996 Oct 4;274(5284):99-102.

Version 1.2

Made in Japan.

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