



IGFBP-1 Elisa

KAPME01



IGFBP-1-ELISA

Enzyme Immunoassay for the Quantitative Determination of
Human Insulin-like Growth Factor Binding Protein-1

KAPME01

IN VITRO DIAGNOSTIC USE

en

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

TECHNICAL FEATURES+APPLICATIONS	2
INTRODUCTION	2
INTENDED USE	2
PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS and Validation	2
SPECIMEN COLLECTION, PREPARATION, AND STORAGE	3
REAGENTS PROVIDED	4
MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED	4
REAGENT PREPARATION	5
STORAGE CONDITIONS	5
WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS	5
ASSAY PROCEDURE	6
CALCULATION OF RESULTS	6
Establishing the Calibrator Curve	6
EXPECTATION VALUES	7
REFERENCES	7
SUMMARY OF THE ASSAY PROCEDURE	8

TECHNICAL FEATURES+APPLICATIONS

- ◆ **Quantitative determination of IGFBP-1** in serum and in other body fluids, like e.g. amniotic fluid, milk, urine or saliva etc., and in cell culture media.
- ◆ extremely high **analytical sensitivity of 0.02 ng/ml**
- ◆ Inter-Assay variation of 7,4% and Intra-Assay variation of 6,8%
- ◆ results available in **only 1.75 h incubation time**

INTRODUCTION

The Insulin-like Growth Factors I and – II are free in body fluids and tissues but are bound to specific binding proteins. Until today seven different binding proteins (IGFBP-1 to –7) can be differentiated additionally several IGFBP-related proteins have also been detected. Bioavailability of IGF is regulated by these IGFBPs or better their proteolytic cleavage which reduces affinity to IGF. But the IGFBPs as well as their proteolytic fragments can also exert IGF-independent effects, like influencing cell migration or proliferation.

IGFBP-1 (Placental Protein 12) consists of 234 aminoacids and has a molecular weight of approximately 25kDa. The coding DNA region is located on chromosome 7 [1, 2]. IGFBP-1 is mainly synthesized by foetal and adult liver tissue and decidual endometrium. Intensity of Expression varies enduring menstruation with a maximal expression in the late secretory phase [3, 4]. Further IGFBP-1 expression seems to be regulated by Insulin concentration, with Insulin inhibiting the expression. Insulin regulation results in diurnal fluctuations of up to factor 10 [5]. IGFBP-1 is posttranslational modified by phosphorylation of serine residues 101, 119 and 169. Phosphorylation has physiological relevance as it increases affinity of IGFBP-1 to IGF. In adult humans phosphorylated IGFBP-1 of the liver is the predominant form in circulation. IGFBP-1 produced by endometrial tissue is significantly less phosphorylated than the liver originated form [6].

In pregnancy IGFBP-1 maternal serum concentration increases significantly with maximal values in the second trimester or 22-23 week of gestation (75.8 ng/ml) [5] and decreases slowly until term. IGFBP-1 concentration are not only increased in maternal but also in foetal serum and with extremely high concentrations in amnion fluid. Here concentration can reach more than the 1000-fold of serum values [7]. Long-term changes of serum IGFBP-1 concentration can also be found in amnion fluid: IGFBP-1 level of the child decreases after birth until it reaches the low steady-state level of puberty and adulthood [8, 9].

Short term IGFBP-1 serum concentration is strongly influenced by nutrition level and therewith by insulin. Decreasing IGFBP-1 levels can be found enduring fasting or in diabetes; IGFBP-1 levels increase in case of intensive exercises [10-12].

Relevance of serum and amnion IGFBP-1 in diagnostics has been investigated in several areas. A diagnostic value was assigned for trisomy 18, intrauterine growth retardation, endometrial tumors and pre-eclampsia [14].

Thoroughly investigated was the diagnostic value in insulin resistance and pre-term rupture of the membrane and specially in the second field a significant diagnostic value could be demonstrated.

- **Energy metabolism**

Based on the influence of Insulin on IGFBP-1 serum concentrations IGFBP-1 is said to be a possible marker for insulin resistance. Because measurement of IGFBP-1 is much easier facilitated than Glucose – uptake rate this would simplify diagnosis of insulin resistance.

In a small study Maddux et al were able to demonstrate with 23 non-diabetic patients, that IGFBP-1 serum concentration correlated very well with Glucose-uptake rate, even better than the HOMA index does [13].

- **Pregnancy**

In pregnancy a significant difference in IGFBP-1 serum concentration of healthy pregnant and diabetic and pre-eclamptic women was found (102,8 vs. 203,71 or 281,09 ng/ml respectively) [15].

Also the evaluation of IGFBP-1 as marker for membrane rupture showed a high specificity (97%) and sensitivity (75%) of IGFBP-1 in vaginal/cervical secrets. In case of intact membrane IGFBP-1 concentration was < 90ng/ml in the secretion. Enduring 8 hours after spontaneous or induced membrane rupture IGFBP-1 values increased significantly with a median concentration of 1900 ng/ml. In this study IGFBP-1 concentrations von >100ng/ml were set as threshold for detection of amnion fluid and therewith diagnosis of membrane rupture [16]. A positive predictive value of 97% clearly shows that IGFBP-1 is a suitable marker for premature membrane rupture [17].

INTENDED USE

This enzyme immunoassay kit is suited for measuring IGFBP-1 in human serum or Heparin-plasma or in other body fluids, for example amnion fluid, mother milk, urine or saliva, as for diagnostic and scientific purposes. It is also suited to quantitate IGFBP-1 in cell culture media.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS and Validation

The DAsource **IGFBP-1 Elisa KAPME01** is a so-called Sandwich-Assay. It utilizes two specific and high affinity antibodies for this protein. The IGFBP-1 in the sample binds to the immobilized first antibody on the microtiter plate. In the following step, the biotinylated and Streptavidin-Peroxidase conjugated second specific anti-IGFBP-1-Antibody binds in turn to the immobilised IGFBP-1. Finally, the bound peroxidase catalyses the substrate reaction resulting in a colored product. Therefore colour intensity is highly specific and quantitatively depending on the IGFBP-1-level of the samples.

The calibrators of the ELISA KAPME01 are **native human IGFBP-1** in concentrations of **0, 0.1, 0.5, 1, 2, 4 and 8 ng/ml**.

The **analytical sensitivity** of the ELISA KAPME01 yields **0.02 ng/ml** (equal to **2 pg per well**; 2 SD of zero calibrator in 22 fold determination).

The determination of IGFBP-1 with DAsource ELISA KAPME01 is over a very wide range authentic in dilution. The **linearity of serum dilutions** is over a wide range **excellent** (table 1).

Table 1: Linearity of Dilution (typical results of 2 different sera)

Dilution:	sample 1 (re-calculated, ng/ml)	Dilution:	sample 2 (re-calculated, ng/ml)
1:2.5	14.38	1:2.5	16.81
1:5	14.22	1:5	15.51
1:10	13.42	1:10	16.22
1:20	13.81	1:20	14.45
1:40	13.11	1:40	15.12
1:80	12.52	1:80	13.43
1:160	14.65	1:160	15.95
AV / 1SD / CV%	13.73 / 0.76 / 5.53	AV / 1SD / CV%	15.36 / 1.14 / 7.44

AV = average value, SD = calibrator deviation, CV = coefficient of variation

The **recovery** of native IGFBP-1 in different sample matrices is listed in table 4.

The measured **cross reactivity** for recombinant IGFBP-2 as well as IGFBP-3 was found to be negligible, measured in 500 ng/ml each, **less than 0.0015%** were quantitated.

The **Inter-** and **Intra-Assay** coefficients of variation were found less than **7.4% and 6.8%**. Exemplary determinations are shown in table 2 and table 3.

Table 2: Inter-Assay-Variation

	Average Value (ng/ml)	Calibrator Deviation (ng/ml)	Coefficient of Variation (%)
Sample 1	2.31	0.12	5.23
Sample 2	18.41	1.36	7.36
Sample 3	32.79	2.22	6.75

Table 3: Intra-Assay-Variation

	Average Value (ng/ml)	Calibrator Deviation (ng/ml)	Coefficient of Variation (%)
Sample 1	1.45	0.08	5.87
Sample 2	20.64	1.29	6.23
Sample 3	162.99	11.09	6.81

The comparison of IGFBP-1 determinations of 35 sera from healthy adults with the DIAsource ELISA KAPME01 and another commercially available ELISA yields a **very high Correlation** of the measured values: $y = 1,15x + 0,12$; $r^2 = 0,94$

SPECIMEN COLLECTION, PREPARATION, AND STORAGE

Serum samples, EDTA- and Heparin-Plasma samples are suitable. A special external sample preparation prior to assay is not required. Results in Citrate-Plasma are about 15% reduced. Slight hemolysis of the samples doesn't disturb the determination.

Samples should be handled as recommended in general: as fast as possible and chilled as soon as possible. In case there will be a longer period between the sample withdrawal and determination store the undiluted samples frozen -20°C or below in tightly closable plastic tubes. Avoid on principal repeated freeze-thaw cycles of serum/plasma (if required, please subaliquote) although IGFBP-1 levels were found to be unaffected by few cycles(3x) in our experiments.

In most determinations (e.g. Serum- or Plasma samples and no extreme values expected, see table 4 for further details) the dilution of **1:16 with Dilution Buffer is suitable**, the respective covered range would be 0 to 128 ng/ml.

Suggestion for dilution protocol:

Pipette 300 µl **Dilution Buffer** in PE-/PP-Tubes (application of a multi-stepper is recommended in larger series), add **20 µl Serum-** or **Plasma** (dilution 1:16) and mix each tube **immediately**. After mixing use **50 µl** of this solution within 1 hour **per determination** in the assay.

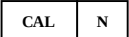
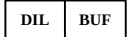
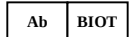
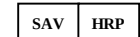
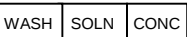
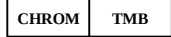
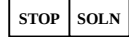
Where required, depending on the expected IGFBP-1-values, the dilution with Dilution Buffer can be higher or lower (at least however 1:2.5). The IGFBP-1 concentrations maybe completely different in body fluids of human origin other than serum or in cell culture supernatants. Examples as well as dilution recommendations are given in table 4.

Table 4: Sample matrices, recovery and dilution recommendation

Samples	Concentration IGFBP-1 (ng/ml)	Recovery of added IGFBP-1	Recommended Dilution as Sample in KAPME01
Amniotic Fluid	8,140.0 16,450.0	n.d.	Individually different. At least 1 : 5000 up to 25000
Mother Milk	5.12 20.2	91% (at 1:10 dil.) n.d.	1:10
Urine	0.07	89,8% (at 1:2.5 dil.)	1:2.5
Saliva	< 0.02 ng/ml	62,5% (at 1:2.5 dil.)	at least 1:2.5
Bronchial Lavage	< 0.02 ng/ml	100% (at 1:2.5 dil.)	1:2.5
Sputum	< 0.02 ng/ml	100% (at 1:20 dil.)	1:20
Serumpool	0.57	105.1% (at 1:16 dil.)	1:16 (general recommendation)
Pregnancy sera	n.d.	n.d.	1:25
Cell Culture Media	individually different	94,5% (at 1:5 dil.)	individually different at least 1:5

n.d.= not determined

REAGENTS PROVIDED

- 1)  **Microtiter plate**, ready for use: **Microtiter plate** with 96 wells, divided up in 12 strips with 8 wells separately breakable, coated with anti-IGFBP-1 antibody and packed in a laminate bag.
- 2)  **Calibrators 0-6**, lyophilized: contain native human IGFBP-1. Calibrators values are between 0 – 8 ng/ml (0, 0.1, 0.5, 1, 2, 4 and 8 ng/ml) IGFBP-1, Calibrators are reconstituted with 500 µl Dilution Buffer each. Use 50 µl per well in the assay.
- 3)  **Dilution Buffer**, 125 ml, ready for use, please use for dilution of samples, control and calibrators.
- 4)  **Control 1 and 2**, 250 µl, lyophilised, contain human Serum and should be reconstituted in 250 µl Dilution Buffer each. The IGFBP-1 target values and the respective ranges are given on the vial label. The dilutions should be according to the dilution of the respected samples. Use 50 µl per well in the assay.
- 5)  **Biotin Conjugate**, 6 ml, contains biotinylated anti-human IGFBP-1 Antibody. Use 50 µl per well in the assay.
- 6)  **Streptavidin HRP**, 12 ml, contains HRP (Horseradish-Peroxidase)-labelled Streptavidin. Ready for use. Use 100 µl per well in the assay.
- 7)  **Washing Buffer**, 50 ml, 20 X concentrated solution. Dilute 1:20 with Aqua dest. The 1:20 diluted Washing Buffer is only limited stable. Please dilute only according to daily requirements.
- 8)  **TMB-Substrate Solution** 12 ml, ready for use, horseradish-peroxidase-(HRP)-substrate, stabilised H₂O₂₈ Tetramethylbenzidine. Use 100 µl per well in the assay.
- 9)  **Stopping Solution**, 12 ml, ready for use, 0.2 M sulphuric acid. Use 100 µl per well in the assay.
- 10) **Sealing tape** for covering of the microtiter plate, 2 x, adhesive.

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

Precision pipettes (100 and 200µl) Micropipettes and multichannel pipettes with disposable plastic tips
 Distilled or Deionized water for dilution of the Washing Buffer
 Vortex-mixer
 Device to aspirate the calibrators and the samples from the wells (recommended because of the potential danger of infection by human samples)
 Timer (120 min. range)
 Reservoirs (disposable)
 Plate washer and plate shaker (recommended)
 Calibrated Micro plate reader ("ELISA-Reader") with filter for 450 and 620nm (or ≥590 nm)
 Foil welding device for laminate bags (recommended)

REAGENT PREPARATION

In conducting the assay, follow strictly the test protocol. Room temperature incubation means: Incubation at 20 - 25°C.

Reagents with different lot numbers should not be mixed. The microtiter plate and all reagents are stable unopened until the expiry date, if stored in the dark at 2° - 8°C (see label).

The Calibrators **0 – 6** and **Control 1 and 2** are reconstituted with the **Dilution Buffer** provided in the Kit. It is recommended to keep the reconstituted reagents at room temperature for 15 minutes and then to mix them thoroughly but gently (no foam should result) with a Vortex mixer.

Use the **Dilution Buffer** for the dilution of **Samples, Calibrators** and **Controls**.

The shelf life of the components after opening is not affected, if used appropriately. Store the unused seal stripes of the microtiter plate together with the desiccant at 2-8°C. Reconstituted Components (**Calibrators 0 – 6** and **Control 1 and 2**) should be stored at -20°C (or below). Freezing extends the expiry at least 3 months. When using the calibrators anew, please thaw them rapidly but gently (no temperature rise over the room temperature and no powerful vortexing), 3 of these freezing-thawing cycles showed no influence on the assay.

The required volume of washing buffer is prepared by 1:20 dilution of the provided 20-fold concentrate with deionised water. The diluted Washing Buffer is stable for max. 4 weeks at 2-8°C.

Before use, all kit components should be brought to room temperature. **Precipitates, possible in buffers, should be dissolved before use through mixing and warming.**

The **Substrate Solution**, stabilised H₂O₂-Tetramethylbenzidine, is photosensitive – store and incubate in the dark.

When performing the assay, the Calibrators **0-6**, Control **1** and **2** and the samples should be pipetted as fast as possible (e.g., 15 minutes). To avoid distortions due to differences in incubation times the Streptavidin HRP as well as the succeeding **Substrate Solution** should be added to the plate in the same order and in the same time interval as the samples. **Stop Solution** should be added to the plate in the same order as the Substrate Solution.

STORAGE CONDITIONS

The microtiter plate wells and all undiluted reagents are stable until the expiry date if stored in the dark at 2-8°C.

Store the unused seal strips and microtiter wells together with the desiccant at 2° to 8°C.

The Substrate Solution, stabilised H₂O₂-Tetramethylbenzidine, is photosensitive – store and incubate in the dark.

Reconstituted components should be stored at 2-8°C for up to 1 week. If longer storage time is needed, store the components frozen at -20°C or below. Freezing extends the expiry at least 2 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. In case you plan to perform multiple independent determinations over a longer period with one kit, you should aliquot the components prior to freezing into suitable smaller volumes. This is strongly recommended.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

For in-vitro diagnostic use only. For professional use only.

Before starting the assay, read the instructions completely and carefully. Use the valid version of the package insert provided with the kit. Be sure that everything is understood. DIAsource ImmunoAssays S.A. is not liable for any loss or harm caused by non-observance of the instructions, as far as no law withstands.

Temperature WILL affect the absorbance readings of the assay. However, values for the patient samples will not be affected.

Do not use expired reagents.

Use separate pipette tips for each sample, control and reagent to avoid cross contamination. Use reservoirs only for single reagents. This especially applies to the substrate reservoirs. Using a reservoir for dispensing a substrate solution that had previously been used for the conjugate solution may turn solution colored. Do not pour reagents back into vials as reagent contamination may occur. Mix the contents of the microplate wells thoroughly to ensure good test results. Do not reuse microwells. Do not let wells dry during assay; add reagents immediately after completing the rinsing steps.

Caution: This kit contains material of human and/or animal origin.

Human Serum

Contained in following components: **Control Serum**

The sources of human sera were tested by FDA recommended methods and found non-reactive for Hepatitis-B surface antigen (HBsAg), Hepatitis C virus (HCV), and Human Immunodeficiency Virus 1 and 2 (HIV) antibody. No known test methods can offer total assurance of the absence of infectious agents; therefore all components and patient's specimens should be treated as potentially infectious.

Stop solution contains 0.2 M Sulfuric Acid (H₂SO₄)

R36/38	Irritating to eyes and skin
S26	In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice
S28.1	After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water
S36/37	Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves

2-Methyl-4-Isothiazolin-3-one

contained in following components: **Biotin Conjugate, Streptavidin HRP, Dilution Buffer**

< 0.01% 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one Solution

R34	Irritating to eyes and skin
R43	Sensibilisation through skin contact possible
S26	In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice
S36/37	Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves
S45	In case of accident or if you feel unwell seek medical advice

5-chloro-2-methyl 2H isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-Isothiazol-3-one

contained in following components: **Biotin Conjugate, Streptavidin HRP, Dilution Buffer, Washing Buffer**
< 0.01% (w/w) 5-chloro-2-methyl 2H isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-Isothiazol-3-one
Solution

R36/38	Irritating to eyes and skin
R43	Sensibilisation through skin contact possible
S26	In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice
S28.1	After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water

General first aid procedures:

Skin contact: Wash affected area thoroughly with water. Discard contaminated cloths and shoes.

Eye contact: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water at least 15 minutes.

In order to assure an effectual rinsing spread the eyelids.

Ingestion: If swallowed, wash out mouth thoroughly with water. Immediately see a physician.

Do not eat, drink or smoke in these areas.

Never pipette the materials with the mouth.

Spilled material must be wiped off immediately and should become disinfected. Clean contaminated areas and equipment with a suitable detergent.

ASSAY PROCEDURE

NOTES: All determinations (Calibrators, Control and samples) should be assayed in duplicate. For optimal results, accurate pipetting and adherence to the protocol are recommended.

When performing the assay, the Calibrators, Control Serum and the samples should be pipette as fast as possible (e.g., <15 minutes). To avoid distortions due to differences in incubation times, **Streptavidin HRP** as well as the following **Substrate Solution** should be added to the plate in the same order and in the same time interval as the samples. **Stop Solution** should be added to the plate in the same order as the Substrate Solution. Before beginning the test procedure bring all reagents to room temperature.

IMPORTANT: Please leave the wells A1/A2 until addition of the **Substrate Solution**, step 8, empty.

1) Please pipette in all needed wells, **except A1/A2**, **50 µl Biotine Conjugate**.

2) Pipette in positions B1/2 **50µl** each **Calibrator 0 (0 ng/ml)**,
pipette in positions C1/2 **50µl** each **Calibrator 1 (0.1 ng/ml)**,
pipette in positions D1/2 **50µl** each **Calibrator 2 (0.5ng/ml)**,
pipette in positions E1/2 **50µl** each **Calibrator 3 (1 ng/ml)**,
pipette in positions F1/2 **50µl** each **Calibrator 4 (2 ng/ml)**,
pipette in positions G1/2 **50µl** each **Calibrator 5 (4 ng/ml)**,
pipette in positions H1/2 **50µl** each **Calibrator 6 (8 ng/ml)**,

To control the correct accomplishment, **50 µl** of the **1:16** (or in respective dilution rate of the sample) in Dilution Buffer diluted **Control 1 and 2** can be pipetted in positions A3/4 and B3/4.

Pipette **50 µl** each of the **diluted samples** (generally 1:16 diluted in Dilution Buffer, please mix the dilutions immediately after sample addition and use within 60 minutes) in the rest of the wells, according to requirements.

- 3) Cover the wells with the sealing tape and incubate the plate for **1 hour at room temperature**
- 4) After incubation aspirate the contents of the wells and wash the wells **3 times** with **250 µl Washing Buffer**.
- 5) Following the last washing step, pipette **100 µl Streptavidin HRP** in each well, **except A1/A2**.
- 6) Cover the wells with the sealing tape and incubate **30 min at room temperature**
- 7) After incubation wash the wells 3 times with **Washing Buffer** as described in step 4)
- 8) Pipette **100 µl of the TMB-Substrate solution** in each well, **also in A1/A2**.
- 9) Incubate the plate for **15 Minutes in the dark at room temperature**.
- 10) After incubation pipette **100 µl Stop Solution** in each well **also in A1/A2**.
- 11) Measure the absorbance **within 30 minutes at 450 nm (Reference filter ≥590 nm, e.g. 620 nm)**.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

For the evaluation of the assay it is required that the absorbance values of the blank should be below 0.20, and the absorbance of Calibrator 6 should be greater than 1.00.

Samples, which yield higher absorbance values than **Calibrator 6**, are beyond the calibrator curve, for reliable determinations such samples should be retested at a higher dilution.

Establishing the Calibrator Curve

The calibrators provided contain the following concentration of native hIGFBP-1:

Calibrator	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
ng/ml	0	0.1	0.5	1	2	4	8

- 1) Calculate the **mean absorbance (MA)** value for the blank from the duplicated determination (well A1/A2).
- 2) Subtract the mean absorbance (MA) of the blank from the mean absorbances of all other values.
- 3) Plot the calibrator concentrations on the x-axis versus the mean value of the absorbance of the calibrators on the y-axis on semi-log paper (lin-log).
- 4) Recommendation: Calculation of the calibrator curve should be done by using a computer program, because the curve is in general (without respective transformation) not ideally described by linear regression. **Non-linear regression, a higher-grade polynomial or four parametric logistic (4-PL)** curve fit usually are suitable for the evaluation.
- 5) The concentration in ng/ml of the samples can be calculated by multiplication with the respective dilution factor.

EXPECTATION VALUES

Concentrations of IGFBP-1 in human sera of 69 healthy adult donors were determined with the **DIAsource IGFBP-1 ELISA KAPME01**. Slight gender dependent differences were found, the concentrations of all samples varied from minimal 0.23 ng/ml to maximal 17.94 ng/ml (see table 5).

Table 5: Expectation values in sera of healthy adults (measured values in ng/ml)

Gender	No. of Samples	Average value	Median	Min. – Max.:
female	33	4.79	4.24	0.23 – 16.07
male	2136	5.22	2.71	0.42 – 17.94
Total	69	5.01	2.77	0.23 – 17.94

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SUMMARY OF THE ASSAY PROCEDURE

Reconstitution / Dilution of Reagents		
Calibrators 0-6	Reconstitution in 500 µl Dilution Buffer	
Control 1 and 2	Reconstitution in 250 µl Dilution Buffer	
Wash Buffer	dilute in distilled water (eg. total volume of 50 ml in a graduated flask and fill up to 1000 ml)	1:20
Dilute Sample and Control 1 and 2 1:16 with Dilution Buffer		
Before beginning the test procedure bring all reagents to room temperature.		

Assay Procedure for Double Determinations:

Pipette	Reagent	Position
IMPORTANT: Leave the position A1 / A2 empty until addition of Substrate		
50 µl	Biotin Conjugate	In all wells except A1 / A2
50 µl	Calibrator 0 (0 ng/ml)	B1 and B2
50 µl	Calibrator 1 (0.1 ng/ml)	C1 and C2
50 µl	Calibrator 2 (0.5 ng/ml)	D1 and D2
50 µl	Calibrator 3 (1 ng/ml)	E1 and E2
50 µl	Calibrator 4 (2 ng/ml)	F1 and F2
50 µl	Calibrator 5 (4 ng/ml)	G1 and G2
50 µl	Calibrator 6 (8 ng/ml)	H1 and H2
50 µl	1:16 diluted Control 1	A3 and A4
50 µl	1:16 diluted Control 2	B3 and B4
50 µl	1:16 diluted Samples	following wells
Cover the wells with the sealing tape.		

Incubation: 1 h at RT, without shaking

3x 250 µl	Aspirate the contents of the wells and wash 3x with 250 µl Wash Buffer	each well
100 µl	Streptavidin HRP	each well, except A1/A2

Incubation: 30 min at RT, without shaking

3x 250 µl	Aspirate the contents of the wells and wash 3x with 250 µl Wash Buffer	each well
100 µl	Substrate	each well

Incubation: 15 min in the dark RT

100 µl	Stop Solution	each well
Measure the absorbance within 30 min at 450 nm with ≥ 590 nm as reference wavelength.		

Revision date: 2009-12-09

	<u>Used symbols</u>	<u>Symboles utilisés</u>
	Consult instructions for use	Consulter les instructions d'utilisation
	Storage temperature	Température de conservation
	Use by	Utiliser jusque
	Batch code	Numéro de lot
	Catalogue number	Référence de catalogue
	Control	Contrôle
	In vitro diagnostic medical device	Dispositif médical de diagnostic in vitro
	Manufacturer	Fabricant
	Contains sufficient for <n> tests	Contenu suffisant pour <n> tests
	Wash solution concentrated	Solution de lavage concentrée
	Zero calibrator	Calibrateur zéro
	Calibrator #	Calibrateur #
	Control #	Contrôle #
	Tracer	Traceur
	Tracer	Traceur
	Tracer concentrated	Traceur concentré
	Tracer concentrated	Traceur concentré
	Tubes	Tubes
	Incubation buffer	Tampon d'incubation
	Acetonitrile	Acétonitrile
	Serum	Sérum
	Specimen diluent	Diluant du spécimen
	Dilution buffer	Tampon de dilution
	Antiserum	Antisérum
	Immunoabsorbent	Immunoabsorbant
	Calibrator diluent	Diluant de calibrateur
	Reconstitution solution	Solution de reconstitution
	Polyethylene glycol	Glycol Polyéthylène
	Extraction solution	Solution d'extraction
	Elution solution	Solution d'élution
	Bond Elut Silica cartridges	Cartouches Bond Elut Silica
	Pre-treatment solution	Solution de pré-traitement
	Neutralization solution	Solution de neutralisation
	Tracer buffer	Tampon traceur
	Microtiterplate	Microplaque de titration
	HRP Conjugate	HRP Conjugué
	HRP Conjugate	HRP Conjugué
	HRP Conjugate concentrate	HRP Conjugué concentré
	HRP Conjugate concentrate	HRP Conjugué concentré
	Conjugate buffer	Tampon conjugué
	Chromogenic TMB concentrate	Chromogène TMB concentré
	Chromogenic TMB solution	Solution chromogène TMB
	Substrate buffer	Tampon substrat
	Stop solution	Solution d'arrêt
	Incubation serum	Sérum d'incubation
	Buffer	Tampon
	AP Conjugate	AP Conjugué
	Substrate PNPP	Tampon PNPP
	Biotin conjugate concentrate	Biotine conjugué concentré
	Avidine HRP concentrate	Avidine HRP concentré
	Assay buffer	Tampon de test
	Biotin conjugate	Biotine conjugué
	Specific Antibody	Anticorps spécifique
	Streptavidin HRP concentrate	Concentré streptavidine HRP
	Non-specific binding	Liant non spécifique
	2nd Antibody	Second anticorps
	Acidification Buffer	Tampon d'acidification

	<u>Gebruikte symbolen</u>	<u>Gebrauchte Symbolen</u>
	Raadpleeg de gebruiksaanwijzing	Gebrauchsanweisung beachten
	Bewaartemperatuur	Lagern bei
	Houdbaar tot	Verwendbar bis
	Lotnummer	Chargenbezeichnung
	Catalogusnummer	Bestellnummer
	Controle	Kontrolle
	Medisch hulpmiddel voor in-vitro diagnostiek	In Vitro Diagnostikum
	Fabrikant	Hersteller
	Inhoud voldoende voor <n> testen	Ausreichend für <n> Ansätze
	Wasoplossing, geconcentreerd	Waschlösung-Konzentrat
	Nulkalibrator	Null kalibrator
	Kalibrator #	Kalibrator #
	Controle #	Kontrolle #
	Tracer	Tracer
	Tracer	Tracer
	Tracer geconcentreerd	Tracer Konzentrat
	Tracer geconcentreerd	Tracer Konzentrat
	Incubatiebuffer	Inkubationspuffer
	Acetonitrile	Azetonitril
	Serum	Humanserum
	Specimen diluent	Probenverdünner
	Verdunningsbuffer	Verdünnungspuffer
	Antiserum	Antiserum
	Immunoabsorbent	Immunadsorbens
	Kalibratorverdunner	Kalibratorverdünnung
	Reconstitutieoplossing	Rekonstitutionslösung
	Polyethyleen glycol	Polyethylenglykol
	Extractieoplossing	Extraktionslösung
	Elutieoplossing	Eluierungslösung
	Bond Elut Silica kolom	Bond Elut Silikakartuschen
	Pre-behandelingsoplossing	Vorbehandlungslösung
	Neutralisatieoplossing	Neutralisierungslösung
	Tracerbuffer	Tracer-Puffer
	Microtiterplaat	Mikrotiterplatte
	HRP Conjugaat	HRP Konjugat
	HRP Conjugaat	HRP Konjugat
	HRP Conjugaat geconcentreerd	HRP Konjugat Konzentrat
	HRP Conjugaat geconcentreerd	HRP Konjugat Konzentrat
	Conjugaat buffer	Konjugatpuffer
	Chromogene TMB geconcentreerd	Chromogenes TMB Konzentrat
	Chromogene Oplossing TMB	Farblösung TMB
	Substraatbuffer	Substratpuffer
	Stopoplossing	Stopplösung
	Incubatieserum	Inkubationsserum
	Buffer	Puffer
	AP Conjugaat	AP Konjugat
	Substraat PNPP	Substrat PNPP
	Geconcentreerd Biotine conjugaat	Biotin-Konjugat-Konzentrat
	Geconcentreerd Avidine-HRP conjugaat	Avidin-HRP-Konzentrat
	Assay buffer	Assaypuffer
	Biotine conjugaat	Biotin-Konjugat
	Specifiek antilichaam	Spezifischer Antikörper
	Streptavidine-HRP concentraat	HRP Streptavidinkonzentrat
	Aspecifieke binding	Unspezifische Bindung
	2de antilichaam	Sekundärer Antikörper
	Verzuringbuffer	Ansäuerungspuffer

	<u>Simboli utilizzati</u>	<u>Símbolos utilizados</u>
	Consultare le istruzioni per l'uso	Consultar las instrucciones de uso
	Limitazioni di temperatura	Limitación de temperatura
	Utilizzare entro	Fecha de caducidad
	Numero di lotto	Código de lote
	Numero di catalogo	Número de catálogo
	Controllo	Control
	Dispositivo medico-diagnostico in vitro	Producto sanitario para diagnóstico in vitro
	Fabbricante	Fabricante
	Contenuto sufficiente per <n> saggi	Contenido suficiente para <n> ensayos
	Tampone di lavaggio concentrato	Solución de lavado concentrada
	Calibratore zero	Calibrador cero
	Standard #	Calibrador #
	Controllo #	Control #
	Marcato	Trazador
	Marcato	Trazador
	Marcato concentrato	Trazador concentrada
	Marcato concentrato	Trazador concentrada
	Provette	Tubos
	Tampone incubazione	Tampón de incubación
	Acetonitrile	Acetonitrilo
	Siero	Suero
	Diluente campione	Diluyente de Muestra
	Tampone diluizione	Tampón de dilución
	Antisiero	Antisuero
	Immunoassorbente	Inmunoadsorbente
	Diluente calibratore	Diluyente de calibrador
	Soluzione di ricostituzione	Solución de Reconstitución
	Polietilenglicole	Glicol Polietileno
	Soluzione di estrazione	Solución de extracción
	Soluzione di eluizione	Solución de elución
	Cartucce di silice bond elut	Cartuchos Bond Elut Silica
	Soluzione di pretrattamento	Solución de Pre-tratamiento
	Soluzione di neutralizzazione	Solución de Neutralización
	Tracer Buffer	Tampón de trazador
	Piastra di microtitolazione	Placa de microvaloración
	HRP Coniugato	HRP Conjugado
	HRP Coniugato	HRP Conjugado
	HRP Coniugato concentrato	HRP Conjugado concentrada
	HRP Coniugato concentrato	HRP Conjugado concentrada
	Buffer coniugato	Tampón de Conjugado
	Cromogena TMB concentrato	Cromógena TMB concentrada
	Soluzione cromogena TMB	Solución Cromógena TMB
	Tampone substrato	Tampón de sustrato
	Soluzione di arresto	Solución de Parada
	Incubazione con siero	Suero de Incubación
	Buffer	Tampón
	AP Coniugato	AP Conjugado
	Substrato PNPP	Sustrato PNPP
	Concentrato coniugato con biotina	Concentrado de conjugado de biotina
	Concentrato avidina HRP	Concentrado avidina-HRP
	Soluzione tampone per test	Tampón de ensayo
	Coniugato con biotina	Conjugado de biotina
	Anticorpo Specifico	Anticuerpo específico
	Streptavidina-HRP concentrata	Estreptavidina-HRP Concentrado
	Legame non-specifico	Unión no específica
	2° Anticorpo	Segundo anticuerpo
	Tampone Acidificante	Tampón de Acidificación

	<u>Símbolos utilizados</u>	<u>Använda symboler</u>
	Consulte instruções de utilização	Läs instruktionerna före användning
	Temperatura de conservação	Förvaringstemperatur
	Utilizar antes de	Används av
	Código de lote	Lotnummer
	Número de catálogo	Katalognummer
	Controlo	Kontroll
	Dispositivo médico de diagnóstico in vitro	In vitro diagnostiskt kit
	Fabricante	Tillverkare
	Conteúdo suficiente para <n> testes	Innehållet räcker till <n> prover
	Solução de lavagem concentrada	Tvättlösning, koncentrerad
	Calibrador zero	Nollkalibrerare
	Calibrador #	Kalibrator #
	Controlo #	Kontroll #
	Marcador	Radioisotop, antigen
	Marcador	Radioisotop, antikropp
	Marcador concentrada	Radioisotop, antigen koncentrerad
	Marcador concentrada	Radioisotop, antikropp koncentrerad
	Tubos	Rör
	Tampão de incubação	Inkuberingsbuffert
	Acetonitrilo	Acetonitril
	Soro	Serum
	Diluidor de espécimes	Spädningsbuffert för prover
	Tampão de diluição	Spädningsbuffert
	Anti-soro	Antiserum
	Imunoadsorvente	Immunoadsorberare
	Diluyente do calibrador	Kalibratordiluent
	Solução de Reconstituição	Rekonstitutionslösning
	Polietileno-glicol	Polyetylglykol
	Solução de Extracção	Extraktionslösning
	Solução de Eluição	Elueringslösning
	Cartuchos de sílica Bond Elut	Silikonpatroner för elueringsbindning
	Solução de pré-tratamento	Förbehandlingslösning
	Solução de neutralização	Neutraliseringslösning
	Tampão Marcador	Tracerbuffert
	Placa de micro titulação	Microtiterplatta
	HRP Conjugação	HRP-konjugat
	HRP Conjugação	HRP-konjugat
	HRP Conjugação concentrada	HRP-konjugat-koncentrat
	HRP Conjugação concentrada	HRP-konjugat-koncentrat
	Conjuge o tampão	Konjugatbuffert
	Cromogénica TMB concentrada	Kromogeniskt TMB-koncentrat
	Solução Cromogénica TMB	Kromogenisk TMB-lösning
	Tampão de substrato	Substratbuffert
	Solução de Paragem	Stoplösning
	Soro de incubação	Inkubationsserum
	Tampão	Buffert
	AP Conjugação	AP-konjugat
	Substrato PNPP	Substrat-PNPP
	Concentrado conjugado de biotina	Biotinkonjugat koncentrat
	Concentrado HRP de avidina	Avidin HRP-koncentrat
	Tampão de ensaio	Provbuffert
	Conjugado de biotina	Biotinkonjugat
	Anticorpo específico	-
	Estreptavidina HRP concentrado	-
	Ligações não específicas	-
	Anticorpo secundário	-
	Tampão de acidificação	-

	<u>Επεξήγηση συμβόλων</u>	<u>Anvendte symboler</u>
	Συμβουλευτείτε τις οδηγίες χρήσης	Læs brugsvejledningen
	Θερμοκρασία αποθήκευσης	Opbevaringstemperatur
	Ημερομηνία λήξης	Anvend inden
	Αριθμός παρτίδας	Batchkode
	Αριθμός καταλόγου	Katalognummer
	Πρότυπο ελέγχου	Kontrol
	In Vitro Διαγνωστικό Ιατροτεχνολογικό προϊόν	Medicinsk udstyr til in vitro-diagnosticering
	Κατασκευαστής	Fabrikant
	Περιεχόμενο επαρκές για «n» εξετάσεις	Indeholder nok til <n> test
	Συμπυκνωμένο διάλυμα έκπλυσης	Koncentreret vaskeopløsning
	Μηδενικός βαθμονομητής	Nul-kalibrator
	Βαθμονομητής #	Kalibrator nr.
	Ορός ελέγχου #	Kontrol nr.
	Ιχνηθέτης	Markør
	Ιχνηθέτης	Markør
	Χρωμογόνος Ιχνηθέτης	Koncentreret markør
	Χρωμογόνος Ιχνηθέτης	Koncentreret markør
	Σοληνάρια	Tuber
	Ρυθμιστικό διάλυμα επώασης	Inkubationsbuffer
	Ακετονιτρίλιο	Acetonitril
	Ορός	Serum
	Διάλυμα αραίωσης δειγμάτων	Prøvediluent
	Ρυθμιστικό διάλυμα αραίωσης	Fortyndingsbuffer
	Αντιορός	Antiserum
	Ανοσοπροσροφητικό	Immonoadsorbent
	Αραιωτικό βαθμονομητών	Kalibratordiluent
	Διάλυμα ανασύστασης	Rekonstitueringsopløsning
	Πολυαιθυλενογλυκόλη	Polyetylenglykol
	Διάλυμα εκχύλισης	Ekstraktionsopløsning
	Διάλυμα έκλουσης	Elueringsopløsning
	Φύσιγγες πυριτίου Bond Elut	Patroner med bindingselueringssilica
	Διάλυμα προεπεξεργασίας	Forbehandlingsopløsning
	Διάλυμα εξουδετέρωσης	Neutraliseringsopløsning
	Ρυθμιστικό διάλυμα	Markørbuffer
	Πλάκα μικροτιτλοδότησης	Mikrotiterplade
	HRP Σύζευγμα	HRP-konjugat
	HRP Σύζευγμα	HRP-konjugat
	Χρωμογόνος HRP Σύζευγμα	HRP-konjugat-koncentreret
	Χρωμογόνος HRP Σύζευγμα	HRP-konjugat-koncentreret
	Ρυθμιστικό διάλυμα συζεύγματος	Konjugatbuffer
	Χρωμογόνος TMB	Kromogen TMB-koncentreret
	Διάλυμα χρωμογόνου TMB	Kromogen TMB-opløsning
	Ρυθμιστικό διάλυμα υποστρώματος	Substratbuffer
	Ανασχετικό αντιδραστήριο	Stopopløsning
	Ορός επώασης	Inkubationsserum
	Ρυθμιστικό διάλυμα	Buffer
	AP Σύζευγμα	AP-konjugat
	PNPP υποστρώματος	Substrat PNPP
	Συμπυκνωμένο αντιδραστήριο συζευγμένο με βιοτίνη	Biotin konjugat koncentrat
	Συμπυκνωμένο διάλυμα αβιδίνης-HRP	Avidin HRP koncentrat
	Ρυθμιστικό διάλυμα προσδιορισμού	Prøvebuffer
	αντιδραστήριο συζευγμένο με βιοτίνη	Biotin konjugat
	Ειδικό Αντίσωμα	-
	Συμπυκνωμένη στρεπταβιδίνη συνεξευγμένη με HRP	-
	μη-ειδική δέσμευση	-
	2ο Αντίσωμα	-
	Ρυθμιστικό Διάλυμα όξινο	-

	<u>Stosowane symbole</u>	<u>Használt szimbólumok</u>
	Przed zastosowaniem zapoznać się z instrukcją	Olvassa el a használati útmutatót
	Temperatura przechowywania	Tárolási hőmérséklet
	Zużyć przed	Lejárati idő
	Kod serii	Gyártási kód
	Numer katalogowy	Katalógus szám
	Kontrola	Kontrol
	Urządzenie medyczne do diagnostyki in vitro	In vitro diagnosztikai eszköz
	Producent	Gyártó
	Zawartość wystarczająca do <n> testów	Tartalma <n> teszt elvégzésére elegendő
	Roztwór płuczący stężony	Mosó folyadék koncentrátum
	Kalibrator zerowy	Zero kalibrátor
	Kalibrator nr	Kalibrátor #
	Kontrola nr	Kontrol #
	Znacznik izotopowy	Nyomjelző izotóp
	Znacznik izotopowy	Nyomjelző izotóp
	Znacznik izotopowy stężony	Nyomjelző izotóp koncentrátum
	Znacznik izotopowy stężony	Nyomjelző izotóp koncentrátum
	Probówki	Csővek
	Wymagana inkubacja buforu	Inkubáló puffer
	Acetonitryl	Acetonitril
	Surowica	Szérum
	Rozcieńczalnik próbki	Mintahígító
	Bufor do rozcieńczania	Hígító puffer
	Antysurowica	Antiszérum
	Immunoabsorbent	Immunszorbens
	Rozcieńczalnik kalibratora	Kalibrátor hígító
	Roztwór do rozcieńczania	Mintaelőkészítő oldat
	Glikol poli(oksy)etylenowy	Polietilén glikol
	Roztwór ekstrakcyjny	Extrakciós oldat
	Roztwór elucyjny	Eluáló oldat
	Kolumny krzemionkowe Bond Elut	Bond Elut Silica szilikagél patronok
	Roztwór do przygotowania wstępnego	Előkezelő oldat
	Roztwór neutralizujący	Semlegesítő oldat
	Bufor znacznika	Nyomjelző izotóp hígító puffer
	mikro płytki	Mikrotiter lemez
	Koniugat peroksydazy chrzanowej	HRP konjugátum
	Koniugat peroksydazy chrzanowej	HRP konjugátum
	Koncentrat koniugatu peroksydazy chrzanowej	HRP konjugátum koncentrátum
	Koncentrat koniugatu peroksydazy chrzanowej	HRP konjugátum koncentrátum
	Bufor do koniugacji	Konjugátum puffer
	Koncentrat chromogenu TMB (czterometylobenzodyny)	Kromogén TMB koncentrátum
	Roztwór chromogenu TMB (czterometylobenzodyny)	Kromogén TMB oldat
	Bufor substratu	Szubsztrát puffer
	Roztwór zatrzymujący reakcję	Stop oldat
	Wymagana inkubacja surowicy	Inkubációs szérum
	Bufor	Puffer
	Koniugat AP (fosfatazy alkalicznej)	AP konjugátum
	p-nitrofenylofosforan substratowy	Szubsztrát PNPP
	Koncentrat koniugatu biotyny	Biotin konjugátum koncentrátum
	Koncentrat peroksydazy chrzanowej z awidyną	Avidin HRP koncentrátum
	Bufor do oznaczania	Vizsgálati puffer
	Koniugatu biotyny	Biotin konjugátum
	Przeciwciało swoiste	Specifikus ellenanyag
	Koncentrat streptawidyny HRP	Sztreptawidin HRP koncentrátum
	Wiązanie nieswoiste	Nem-specifikus kötődés
	Drugie przeciwciało	Másodlagos ellenanyag
	Bufor zakwaszający	Savas puffer

	<u>Използвани символи</u>		
	Вижте инструкцията за работа		
	Температура на съхранение		
	Използвайте с		
	Партиден код		
	Каталожен номер		
	Контрол		
	Ин витро диагностично медицинско изделие		
	Производител		
	Съдържание достатъчно за <n> теста		
	Концентриран измиващ разтвор		
	Нулев калибратор		
	Калибратор #		
	Контрол #		
	Трейсър		
	Трейсър		
	Концентриран маркер		
	Концентриран маркер		
	Епруветки		
	Инкубационен буфер		
	Ацетонитрил		
	Серум		
	Разредител за пробите		
	Буфер за разреждане		
	Антисерум		
	Имуноабсорбент		
	Разредител за калибратора		
	Пресъздаващ разтвор		
	Полиетилен гликол		
	Екстрактов разтвор		
	Разтвор за елюиране		
	Силикагелни пълнители		
	Пред-лечебен разтвор		
	Неутрализиращ разтвор		
	Маркерен буфер		
	Микротитърна пластина		
	HRP конюгат / Конюгат на хрянова пероксидаза		
	HRP конюгат / Конюгат на хрянова пероксидаза		
	HRP конюгиран концентрат		
	HRP конюгиран концентрат		
	Буфер за конюгата		
	Хромогенен TMB концентрат		
	Хромогенен TMB разтвор		
	Субстратен буфер		
	Стоп разтвор		
	Инкубационен серум		
	Буфер		
	AP конюгат / конюгат на алкална фосфатаза		
	Субстрат PNPP / пара нитрофенил фосфат		
	Биотин конюгиран концентрат		
	Авидин HRP концентрат		
	Буфер за пробите		
	Биотин конюгат		
	специфично анти тяло		
	стрептавидин HRP концентрат		
	не специфично свързване		
	второ анти тяло		
	киселинизиращ буфер		